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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 66 BOMBAY: MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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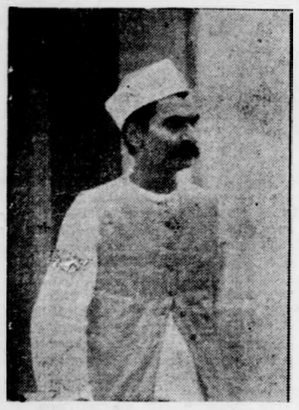
JAWAHARLAL SPEAKS OUT AT A.I.C.C. MEETING



Glowing tributes were paid to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Retiring Congress President.

Thirty Amendments To Patna Resolution On Indian Deadlock

GLOWING TRIBUTES TO RAJEN BABU: AZAD TAKES CHARGE

MAZAHARPURI, (Ramgarh) March 17,

THE Subjects Committee held a two and half hours session this afternoon when the Patna resolution was moved by Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

Pt. Jawaharlal supported the resolution discussion on which will take place to-morrow afternoon when the Committee resumes its sitting at 2-30.

Belligerent Without Consent

IN COMMEDING THE RESOLUTION TO THE MEMBERS DR. RAJENDRA PRASAD BRIEFLY NARRATED THE EVENTS, WHICH HAD LED TO THE PRESENT SITUATION. HE POINTED OUT THAT INDIA WAS THE ONLY MEMBER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, WHICH HAD BEEN MADE A BELLIGERENT COUNTRY WITHOUT HER CONSENT. THE STATEMENT MADE ON BEHALF OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT, IN RESPONSE TO THE CONGRESS DEMAND, HAD REVEALED CLEARLY THAT BRITAIN WAS PREPARED TO LET INDIA MARCH TOWARDS HER GOAL ONLY BY INCHES.

ESSENCE OF CONGRESS DEMAND

Referring to the communal question Dr. Rajendra Prasad affirmed that those differences would cease to exist the moment Britain gave the representatives of the Indian people of all religious communities and political parties, the right of self-determination. This was the essence of the Congress demand for a Constituent Assembly.

TWO YARDSTICKS

The British declaration had also clearly shown, said Dr. Rajendra Prasad, that their previous statement that the war was being fought to safeguard democracy and freedom was not applicable to India.

In these circumstances, he added, it behoved them to make a clear statement of their demand and chalk out a path which would lead to the goal.

Jawahar's Call To Be Ready

In seconding the resolution Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru advised the members to take full notice of the present situation and exhorted them to organise themselves and be ready for action.

The amendments to the resolution will be moved to-morrow.

GLOWING TRIBUTES TO RAJEN BABU

This year's Congress marked a departure from the usual practice in that just before the All India Congress Committee converted itself into the Subjects Committee of the 53rd session of the Congress, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru moved on behalf of the Working Committee a resolution placing on record All India Congress Committee's grateful appreciation of the services rendered by Babu Rajendra Prasad as President of the Congress, bearing the burden of great responsibility attached to the high office of Presidentship under the most trying circumstances.

MOST DIFFICULT TASK

Pt. Nehru said that Babu Rajendra Prasad had to perform a most difficult task in steering the ship of the Congress safely.

"I have no doubt that very few people would have come forward to undertake such a responsibility as Babu Rajendra Prasad undertook. He had carried out his work in spite of heavy odds to the satisfaction of all concerned."

They all knew that all kinds of motives had been imputed to Babu Rajendra Prasad, but still he did his duty under the inspiring guidance of our great leader, Mahatma Gandhi (Cheers).

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel seconding the resolution paid a tribute to Babu Rajendra Prasad and asked the House to carry the resolution with acclamation.

HE DID HIS DUTY

Babu Rajendra Prasad thanked the All India Congress Committee for the honour it had done him for the second time by electing him as President at the Calcutta session of the Committee in May last.

"I never wanted the presidentship, but you called on me to take up the responsibility and I obeyed your orders as a matter of duty."

DISTRESSING EVENTS

"When I undertook the responsibility of Presidentship at Calcutta for the second time" proceeded Babu Rajendra Prasad, "I never imagined that so many important questions would crop up.

(Continued on page 7, Col. 6.)

Congress Cabinet

Expresses Deep Regret For London Outrage

RAMGARH, March 17.

The Congress Working Committee held a two-hour sitting when it passed the following resolution:

"The Working Committee has learnt with deep regret of the assassination of Sir Michael O'Dwyer and the wounding of Marquess of Zetland and others by a person said to be an Indian.

"The Committee does not attach any political significance to this unfortunate act of violence.

"Nevertheless it wishes to reiterate their conviction that all such acts are injurious to the national cause."

At Mahatma's Instance

The Congress Working Committee meets again at 8-30 a.m. to-morrow.

It is understood that the Working Committee's resolution on the Caxton Hall outrage was passed at the instance of Mahatma Gandhi. This is only a resolution of the Working Committee and as such will not come up before the Congress.

The Standing Committee of the States' Peoples Conference met again to-night.

CONFUSION AT MEETING.

Earlier Pt. Nehru and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya addressed a largely attended public meeting outside the exhibition on the states question.

At the conclusion of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru's speech some confusion was caused when a member of the audience wanted to address the meeting, while there were yet more speakers scheduled to speak. Volunteers came to the scene and restored order. The meeting dispersed shortly afterwards.—A. P.

Earlier

Mahatma Gandhi attended the sitting of the Working Committee this morning for some time.

The Congress Working Committee adjourned after a four-hour sitting this morning when further discussion on future plans took place.

It appears, references were made by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to the talks they had with the Congress Socialist leaders last night and this morning and the Socialists' stand was appreciated.

Mahatma Commences His Silence

MAZHARPURI (Ramgarh), March 17.

Mahatma Gandhi commenced his weekly silence at noon to-day.

Maulana Azad Takes Charge

MAZHARPURI, Mar. 17.

Amidst tremendous enthusiasm the All-India Congress Committee commenced its sitting punctually at 3 this afternoon in a fairly big 'pandal' tastefully decorated with tri-colour flags, a big 'charkha' being placed on the rostrum behind the Presidential seat.

More than 200 members and five thousand visitors attended the meeting, among whom were noticed, besides members of the Working Committee, Mr. T. Prakasam, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Mr. Muhammad Yakub Hasan, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. Biswanath Das, Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Mr. Shivprasad Gupta, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwani and Dr. Syed Mahmud. Among the visitors were noticed Mr. B. M. Birla and others.

Punctually at 3 p.m. Babu Rajendra Prasad, the retiring Congress President, and Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary, conducted Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the President-elect, to the accompaniment of music to the rostrum amidst thunderous cheers. —United Press Congress Special.

CONGRESS SESSION TO END IN TWO DAYS?

MUZAHARPURI, March 17.

From talks in the leaders' camp it appears that the Congress session is likely to conclude in two days. The plenary session will commence at 5 in the afternoon of March 19, when addresses of the Chairmen of the Reception Committee and the President of the Congress will be delivered.

GOVT. ADVISER'S ADVICE

CULTIVATE HABIT OF USING MORE KHADDAR

Knight's Tribute To A.I.V.I.A. School's Work At Honavar

HUBLI, Mar. 16

MR. H. F. KNIGHT, ADVISER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY, EXPRESSED SATISFACTION TO-DAY ON THE USEFUL WORK, DONE BY THE A. I. V. I. A. SCHOOL AT HONAVAR AND COMPLIMENTED MR. KOUJALGI FOR TAKING GREAT PAINS IN THIS.

MR. KNIGHT EXPRESSED THE OPINION THAT PEOPLE SHOULD CULTIVATE THE HABIT OF USING MORE KHADDAR AND THUS INCREASE THE SALES RATHER THAN DEPEND ON GOVERNMENT HELP.

WHEN QUESTIONED ABOUT PROHIBITION PILICY, Mr. KNIGHT REPLIED THAT THE GOVERNMENT WOULD KEEP ON THE PRESENT PROHIBITION BUT THEY WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO EXTEND IT.—A. P.

TO-DAY IN CITY

THREE LAKHS TO JOIN GENERAL STRIKE

Demonstration Against Leaders' Arrests

Students To Join Workers: Rally Of 70,000 At Chowpatty

BOMBAY, Sunday.

FROM Girgaum to Dadar, working class men and women—domestic servants, hotel boys, factory workers, tailors soap-workers, silk workers and many more, who earn their bread by daily toil—are expected to lay down their tools on Monday and join in a gigantic demonstration to protest against the arrest of Messrs S. A. Dange, B. T. Randive, S. S. Mirajkar and other Labour leaders.

IT IS ESTIMATED THAT NEARLY 3,00,000 WORKERS WILL JOIN IN THE ONE—DAY STRIKE, WHICH HAS BEEN CALLED BY THE COUNCIL OF ACTION OF THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

STUDENTS TO FALL IN LINE

Students from many high schools, particularly in the north of Bombay, have also decided to go on strike.

A small sub-Committee that was set up by the Council of Action working in Co-operation with most of the working class leaders in Bombay and numerous trade unions have been quietly preparing for the strike during the last four or five days.

Huge Rally At Chowpatty

A huge rally of 70,000 workers was held at Chowpatty on Sunday evening, when they were exhorted to make Monday's strike a great success.

Later in the night a meeting of domestic servants was held at the same place and the 'Ramas' were asked to take a much-needed holiday.

Sunday being a holiday all the city mills were closed; the women pickets were, however, to be found at mill gates till 10-30 a.m.

The Mayor having expressed a wish to meet them again, a deputation of Labour leaders will call upon him on Monday. Mr. N. M. Joshi, who is arriving on Monday morning will also join the deputation.

STRIKE-BREAKING ACTIVITY.

Addressing a gathering of 50,000 workers at Chaupatty, Mr. R. S. Nimbkar said that rigorous efforts were being put in by the employers to break the strike. News had been received from a number of Chawl Committees that the authorities of several mills were planning to requisition new workers on a large scale on Monday. It was, therefore, necessary that the strikers should be vigilant.

Referring to the hartal fixed for Monday, Mr. Nimbkar said that it was up to each individual worker in every industry to render the hartal a complete success.

WANTED FUNDS.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar said that from the very beginning the workers had anticipated that the strike would be a long-drawn out one and had prepared themselves for it. If the employers hoped to starve the workers into submission, they were sure to be disillusioned.

Mr. Khedgikar announced that a day would soon be fixed for collection of funds in the city for the relief of strikers. Students' organisations had offered the services of volunteers for collection work.

Miss Godavari Gokhale, who

(Continued on page 7, col. 5)

S. V. Ghate Arrested

To Be Detained At Vellore Jail Under Defence Of India Act

MADRAS, March 17.

A Calicut message says:— Mr. S. V. Ghate, who was interned in Mangalore, was arrested on March 14 under the Defence of India Act taken on Friday evening to Vellore.

It is understood that Government have ordered him to be detained as a "B" class prisoner in the Vellore Jail.—A. P.

Congress Volunteers Arrested Under 117 C. P. C.

GORAKHPUR, March 16

Seven volunteers of the Congress Kaumi Seva Dal are reported to have been arrested at Chetauni, under Section 117 Cr. P. C. in connection with the strike.

Another message from Tanikohi states that seven persons were arrested there on the same charges, but four were released

TO LAUNCH PEACE OFFENSIVE

Il Duce To Meet Hitler

On Secret Mission To Hitler

PARIS, March 17.

It is learned from Rome that Sgr. Mussolini took train at 13-30 hours in the direction of Milan.

It is rumoured that he may meet Herr Hitler at Brennerpass.

LONDON: Nothing is known in diplomatic circles in London of the reasons for the reported departure of Sgr. Mussolini for Northern Italy, with the rumoured intention of meeting Herr Hitler.

There is little doubt, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent, that Herr Von Ribbentrop's visit to Rome was undertaken partly for the purpose of taking advantage of Mr. Sumner Welles's tour to launch a peace offensive.

Rome Exerts Pressure On U. S.?

NEW YORK: "The New York Times" to-day reported from Rome that pressure was being exerted on Mr. Sumner Welles "to induce the United States to throw its weight behind a negotiated peace."

Gen. Balbo's newspaper "Corrierepadano" also linked Mr. Welles with the possibility of securing an early peace.

Mr. Welles, repetedly emphasised that his mission is solely to establish facts and not make any proposals or enter any commitments on behalf of his Government.—Reuter.

MEETING AT MUNICH OR INNSBRUCK

ROME, March 17.

Well-informed circles confirm that Sgr. Mussolini is on his way to Brenner and, therefore, it no longer appears doubtful that the Duce is going to meet Herr Hitler at Innsbruck or Munich.-I-Reuter.

WILL THEY MEET ON ITALIAN SOIL?

ROME, March 17.

It is authoritatively announced that Sgr. Mussolini and Count Ciano meet Herr Hitler to-morrow. The meeting place is not indicated but reports here to-night suggest that it will be on Italian soil.

STOP PRESS

SUMNER WELLES FOR U. S. A.

ROME, Mar. 17.

Mr. Sumner Welles is expected to leave Rome on Monday evening for Genoa to meet his wife, who has been spending the last few days at San Remo. His departure for the United States is fixed for 13-0 on Wednesday. Mr. Welles saw the American Ambassador this morning. He will be received by the Pope at 10-0 to-morrow. —Reuter.

MINERS ENTOMBED.

ST. CLAIRS VILLES (Ohio) Mar. 17.

Sixty-five miners are entombed and are feared to be dead as a result of an explosion in Willowgrove Coal Mine here. Two members of the rescue party were killed while assisting in the rescue of 113 survivors.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". If repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE-WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office

88. MATRIMONIAL.

Introductions for Matrimony, Penfriendship, Trade, Journalism, Stamps, other hobbies, arranged. India, Abroad. Members; 2339 Ladies, 5966 Gents. Globe Introduction League, Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad, Deccan. 12918

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Honorary Refractionist, Bachooally Eye Hospital Parel. Apply Dr. M. K. Sathe, Honorary Secretary before 25th March, 1940 Registered Medical graduates with special qualifications preferred. (12927)

Wanted qualified Veterinary Assistant Surgeon for Sanand Dispensary. Apply stating age, qualification, experience and salary expected to President, District Local Board, Ahmedabad. (2170)

Wanted—Candidates for Railway —Telegraph-classes. Apply immediately. Gujarat Telegraph College—Umreth. (12845)

Wanted a chemist and an engineer or a chemist and an engineer combined who can make researches in the manufacture of cement. Only those should apply who have experience and working knowledge of cement factories for at least five years. Apply stating salary and terms Daurala Sugar Works, Daurala, (Meerut). (12921)

Wanted: District Managers at Rs. 30|- P.M. plus commission. Rare Chance for ambitious youngmen. Sharda Providence Insurance Co., Ltd., Maclagan Road, Lahore. (12923)

Wanted 4 Doctors, 3 Engineers and 2 Graduates to apply for "Terms" to Kapoor & Co., Cloth Market Delhi. (12925)

Wanted Dental Mechanic, grade Rs. 50-5|2-75. Baroda State subjects and those holding Nair Dental College Diploma, will be preferred. Apply before 20th. instant mentioning age, experience. Native place etc., to the Chief of the Medical and Health Depts., Baroda State. 2136

68. FLATS TO LET

For Hindoos—Boyce House Govalia Tank. Behind Mahavir Vidyalaya tiled airy rooms, blocks, flats. With baths. Apply Bhaya. (12933)

Open Airy Oilpainted Flat, Swastik House, opposite Pathe Cinema. Rent 85. Apply Bhaiya, premises Telephone 26968. (12915)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE AS TO LOST POLICY.

POLICY NO. 50324 in NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, on the life of Shantappa Rayappa Biligi (Barigali) of Laxmeshwar Dharwar having been LOST. Notice is hereby given that failing any object to reach the COMPANY within one month of this date from any interested party with production of the Policy, the Company will proceed in matters pending concerning the Policy.

K. M. NAIK,
Manager,
National Insurance Co., Ltd.
7, Council House St.,
Calcutta. (2169)

THE "DECCAN QUEEN"

OWING to the ensuing Easter Holidays the Deccan Queen will run on WEDNESDAY, the 20th March, 1940, from Bombay and return from Poona on TUESDAY the 26th March, 1940.

TIMINGS:

Bombay	Dep. 5-15 P.M.
Poona	Arr. 8-00 P.M.
Poona	Dep. 7-50 A.M.
Bombay	Arr. 10-35 A.M.

G. I. P. (2166).

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
Stores Department.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of C. I. Pipe scrap weighing about 90 Tons which is available for sale at the Central Stores, 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11.

Tenders should be enclosed in sealed envelopes endorsed "Tender for the purchase of C. I. Scrap," addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on FRIDAY, the 29th March, 1940, together with a deposit of Rs. 600|- which will be forfeited in the event of the successful tenderer not paying the balance of the purchase price no sooner he is called upon to do so.

For inspection of the above material, and|or for any further particulars please apply to the undersigned during office hours.

The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. P. SALDANHA,
Chief Storekeeper,
Bombay Municipality.

Central Stores Office,
566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay No. 11,
15th March, 1940. (2171)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

L. S. G. D. Diploma Training Classes for Officers of Local Self-Government Service conducted under the joint auspices of the Government of Bombay commence from 1st May 1940 at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad. Fees Rs. 75. Apply for Prospectus (free) to the Director, Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. (2152)

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted—One 7 Bowl Open Frame Pressure Calender of 60" effective width. Correspond with the National Cotton Mills, Ltd., Chittagong. (12912)

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Sir PHEROZESHAH MEHTA GARDEN at Malabar Hill will be CLOSED to the public on WEDNESDAY, the 27th March, 1940.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner,
For the City of Bombay. (2168)

THE B. E. S. & T. CO., LTD.

MARCH 1940 HOLIDAYS

ALL-DAY CONCESSION TICKETS

ALL-DAY CONCESSION TICKETS at 12 annas each per day will be available for travel on both BEST Tram and Bus Services (except the Race Special Buses) during the ensuing holidays, viz., 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th March, 1940.

See Handbills in all Trams and Buses.

TRAFFIC MANAGER. (2159)

THE JAMSETJEE NESSERWANJEE PETIT INSTITUTE

NOTICE

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of the above Institute will be held on THURSDAY, the 28th March, 1940, at 6 P.M. (S.T.) in the Hall of the Institute, 312, Hornby Road, Fort, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Committee's Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year 1939.
2. To elect six members of the Managing Committee in accordance with the returns of the voting papers, for the current year.
3. To appoint two Auditors for 1940.

And to transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman, or as may be duly proposed by any member in writing to the Hon. Secretary four clear days before the meeting.

SORAB B. DADYBURJOR,
Honorary Secretary.
Bombay, 14th March, 1940. (2161).

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF UNDIVIDED SHARE, RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE MORTGAGOR IN VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT FRENCH BRIDGE AND GAMDEVI ROAD.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Amin Desai and Nanavati, Attorneys for Sheth Purshottamdas Tulsibhai Patel and Bai Chanchal the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Mr. Khanderao Laxman Chaudhary the Mortgagor, in pursuance of the Mortgage dated 21st July 1937. Further Charge dated 23rd July 1937 and Second Further Charge dated 11th October 1937, sell by Public Auction the Undivided Share Right, Title and Interest in the undermentioned Immovable Properties this day Monday the 18th March 1940, at the Undermentioned time, on the premises.

SALE AT 4 P.M. (S.T.)

LOT NO. 1:—Pension and Tax land with the messuage building situate at Road North of French Bridge (Chaupaty) admeasuring 1502 Square Yards according to Mortgage and 1523 Sqhare Yards according to the Collector's Records registered under New Survey No. 1|7967 and Cadastral Survey No. 1562 of Girgaum Division and assessed under D Ward Nos. 2583, 2584, 2585 (1) Street Nos. 3-3A-6 (New).

SALE AT 5 P.M. (S.T.)

LOT NO. 2:—Pension and Tax land together with the messuage buildings situate at Gamdevi Road admeasuring 150 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered with other lands of the Mortgagor and his co-sharers under New Survey No. 7331 and Cadastral Survey No. 1667 of Girgaum Division and assessed under D. Ward No. 2839 (2) Street Nos. 44-46.

For further particulars please apply to Messrs. Amin Desai & Nanavati Attorneys for the Mortgagees or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

FILM EPIC OF THE CENTURY

Entertainment and Education in its Most Talked of Picture
Its MUSIC will THRILL you
Its MESSAGE will PLEASE you.

Bhavnani Productions
Under the auspices of Social Hygiene Council.

NAKED TRUTH
NAKED TRUTH
FROM THURSDAY, 21st MARCH
KRISHNA
Talkies ..... Dubash Theatre.

"Hunger," Looks Beautiful with Sadhona Bose Hungry!
IN
SAGAR'S IMMORTAL SCREEN CLASSIC
KumKum
—THE DANCER—
Featuring:
★Dhiraj, — —
★Padmadevi,
★Md. Ishaq,
★Benita,
★Pritkumar,
★Kamta Prasad,
★Advani.
TO-DAY AT
IMPERIAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee at 1 p.m. on Holidays

TOP RANK STARS
TO GIVE YOU THE
Year's Screen Sensation—
BABURAO PENDHARKAR,
LEELA CHITNIS, MEENAXEE,
DAMUANNA MALWANKAR,
WINAYAK
IN
HUNS'
Sophisticated Social Comedy
"ARDHANGI"
("THE BETTER HALF")
GALA PREMIERE
Next Wednesday 10 p.m. at
NEW WEST END

"WOMAN" GLORIFIED
BY
BHAI G. PENDHARKAR
In ARUN'S Marathi Musical Mythological
FILM JEWEL
Starring:—
LEELA
GORAKHNATH
with
NANDREKAR, VIMAL, SARDESAI, CHANDRAKANT.
Drawing Packed Houses In
3rd WEEK at
CENTRAL
Daily: 4-15, 7 & 9-45 p.m.

3RD WEEK!
STAN
LAUREL
OLIVER
HARDY
THE
FLYING DEUCES
NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

THURSDAY NEXT!
★SAIGAL
—as a cynical intellectual in search of Life!
★JAMUNA
—as a cultured wife of a rich MORAL Wreck!
MEET THEM IN NEW THEATRES' latest social super
"ZINDAGI"
with Pahari Sanyal, Nemo.
Directed and Photographed By P. C. BARUA
Music: PUNKAJ MULLICK
From Thursday Next At
MINERVA

It is a MOVING STORY
Of A Woman's Patriotism
RAIGAD
3RD WEEK at MAJESTIC
CINEMA — — — GIRGAUM
3 Shows To-day: 4-15, 7 & 9-45

"VALUE OF TRUTH IN INDIA"

U. P. Congress Objects To Allahabad Judges' Remarks

LUCKNOW.

At the meeting of the Executive Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee held recently with Pandit Sri Krishna Dutt Paliwal, President, in the chair, the following resolutions were passed:

The attention of the Council has been drawn to a judgment in an Azamgarh case delivered by Clister and Braund J. J. of the Allahabad High Court on March 8 and published in the "Leader", dated March 10. The Council is not concerned with the merits of the case but takes note of the following words occurring in it:—

" . . having regard to the slight value placed upon truth in this country. . ."

This is a serious aspersion on our national character and the Council takes strong exception to these unwarranted remarks and condemns the unfair advantage taken by these gentlemen of their official position to make observation of such a defamatory nature about the Indian people in a serious judicial pronouncement. The Council also feels that such remarks, coming from such a source, are calculated seriously to prejudice the administration of justice in the country.

TEMPLES OPENED TO HARIJANS IN BOMBAY

The Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh have published a Brochure on the Hindu Temples in Bombay and the Suburbs. It contains Government Press Note on the steps taken by them for admission of Harijans to Hindu Temples, Bombay Act No. XI of 1938 (An act to remove disabilities of Harijans in regard to worship in temples, a list of temples thrown open to Harijans along with their addresses and the available names and addresses of the Trustees and|or Managers and|or Proprietors of such temples and a list of temples not yet thrown open to Harijans along with their addresses and the available names and addresses of the Trustees and|or Managers and|or Proprietors of such temples.)

The preface contains important information in regard to the movement about the throwing open the temples to Harijans and the inability of the Trustees to do so. The preface closes with a suggestion to Government to enact such laws which would enable Harijans to have darshan in Hindu Temples. The Brochure is priced at eight annas and is available at Navjivan Karyalaya, Princess Street and Harijan Office 81 Queens Road, Bombay.

True Sportsman And Public Benefactor

Dewan Of Mysore Pays Tribute To Memory Of Yuvaraja

Speaking at the public meeting of the citizens of Mysore held at Mysore to express their sorrow at the demise of His Highness the Yuvaraja, Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore said:—

It is a very tragic occasion that has brought us together to-day—the passing away, in the prime of life, of the heir to the Throne of Mysore, His Highness Sri Kantirava Narasimharaja Wadiyar Bahadur, G.C.I.E., Yuvaraja of Mysore.

Speaking as one who has known him personally since we were school-mates together, I can bear testimony to the keenness of his intellect, to the kindness of his heart to the charm of his manner, and to his great sense of sportsmanship in all things.

WORK FOR PUBLIC GOOD

With His Highness the Maharaja he was called at an early age, by the death of His late Highness, to a large share in the responsibilities of Rulership, and supported His Highness in innumerable measures for the public good, as will be testified to by the many honorary offices which he held. He was Chief Scout for Mysore. He took a prominent part in the Co-operative movement. He did much to promote the welfare of the depressed classes, whose hostels, named after him at Bangalore and Kolar, will carry the memory of his work to future generations. He was interested everywhere in the housing of the poor.

WAR ACTIVITIES

In giving a list of these activities, which he carried on to the end of his life, I have perhaps anticipated a little. In 1914, he began to take an active part in the administration of the State. He was Military Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja and then held for several years the Office of Extraordinary Member of Council, in which capacity he held charge of the Police, Medical, Military, Sanitation and Prison Departments. In 1911 he was created a Knight Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire. His Highness was in charge of the Military portfolio when war broke out in 1914, and he threw himself with all his enthusiasm into the task of securing as great a response as possible for the relief of suffering and distress.

In 1915, he was made a Grand Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, and in 1918 His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor conferred upon him the unusual honour of the title of "His Highness" as a personal distinction for services rendered in connection with the war.

Both then and later he was ever active on public occasions, as will be testified to by the many foundation stones and memorials which bear his name. His speeches would fill a volume, and the volume would be full of kindly wisdom. In the later years of his life he became a great traveller, and broadened his mind by experiences of the beautiful scenes and interesting activities of foreign lands. His breadth of vision, his love of beauty and his cosmopolitanism are perhaps aptly symbolised in the wide and beautiful boulevard that bears his name.

TOLERANCE OF RELIGIONS.

He was also deeply interested in religious matters, and it is significant that his last messages, to the people of Mysore and India, delivered over the radio on the 12th July last, and to the Congress of Faiths delivered in London shortly before he left England were both messages urging tolerance, unity and spiritual understanding.

RECOGNITION OF UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD OF MAN

Must Take Precedence Over Personalities And Political Principles, Says G. S. Arundale

Dr. George S. Arundale writes:—

There is not a single leader in India free from the sense of his own infallibility as regards the way in which Home Rule is to be achieved. Mr. Gandhi is quite certain that the principal ingredients of Indian Home Rule are the spinning-wheel and Khaddar. He throws in India's complete separation from the British Empire as a secondary consideration. Though he has no relationship with the Indian National Congress, is not even a member of it, there are those—himself among them—who are willing that he should be Dictator of the Congress, with a High Command to execute his decrees: all very Fascist.

The right wing of the Congress wants more Dominion Status and less separation. The left wing wants more separation and less spinning and khaddar.

It does not seem to be realized that mutual understanding and co-operation must take precedence over the particular views individual leaders may hold sacrosanct. India's unity matters more than the spinning-wheel and khaddar, more than severance of the British connection or Dominion Status, more than the preeminence of any class or creed.

ALLEGIANCE TO INDIA FIRST

The need for an active recognition of the Universal Brotherhood of man is very long overdue. To me it seems absurd to think of India's freedom in whatever terms without thinking of it as being based on a very real brotherhood among the various communities and faiths. Is it not possible to ask of our leaders that India shall for a time, until Home Rule has been won, take precedence over personalities and political principles, and that there shall arise in the hearts of all who love their Motherland an undivided allegiance to India taking precedence over their allegiance no matter to what individual or to whatever political principles?

India is leaderless because her many leaders are at variance one with another, each proclaiming, and causing his followers to proclaim, that he alone can lead the country into her freedom.

Let them bestir themselves to India's redemption through a mighty call to solidarity among all classes and castes and faiths and opinions. To what other purpose are they born into the world at such a time as this!

WHY HE DOES NOT JOIN CONGRESS?

I am told that it is hoped I shall soon join the Congress, "sinking my differences". But the Congress goal is the goal of every one of its members, and all members who have any honour must fulfil it. I cannot with honour subscribe to it. Everybody who joins the Congress must offer his allegiance to the object or Purna Swaraj, or complete independence from the British Commonwealth of Nations. As for pretending allegiance to an object I could not wholeheartedly support, for me it would be dishonourable to join a movement overtly accepting an object and inwardly disapproving it.

SOCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTIONS

I. L. O. Report On Investment Of Funds

The report just released by the I.L.O. on the investment of funds of social service institutions is of great interest to India where several provincial Governments are planning to organise insurance schemes in aid of the workers.

The investment of the funds of social service institutions in such ways as to meet the general conditions to be satisfied by such investments—safety, liquidity, yield and economic and social utility, difficult enough at all times, is rendered particularly difficult in these days of economic and monetary instability. The I.L.O. had recently studied this and related questions with the help of a Committee of Experts, and the conclusions reached are set forth in the present report, the usefulness of which is increased by recent international developments.

In France, for example, the total investment of the general compulsory insurance scheme amounted, in the first nine months of 1938, to nearly 1,042 million francs, to which should be added the loans or advances to the Joint Employment Fund, amounting in the same period to about 1,740 million francs. The total sum accumulated in nine months was thus over 2,780 million francs, an amount whose relative importance appears clearly if it is compared with the total new issues of capital—excluding short-term loans—which, according to official statistics, were about 17,000 million francs for the year 1938. In Chile, to take another instance, the investment of the compulsory insurance funds in the financial year 1938 absorbed about one-tenth of the total new issues and mortgage loans of the year. There is no need to stress the influence of that investments on such a vast scale, which affect the general interests of the country as well as those of the insured persons, have on the money market.

The study undertaken by the I.L.O. is not intended to give complete answers to all the questions raised by the investment of collective savings and especially of funds accumulated by social insurance institutions. It sets forth the principal problems, states how they can be solved in certain circumstances, and shows how rational collaboration between the public authorities and the insurance institutions will make it possible to resolve, at least in part, the sometimes apparently irreconcilable contradiction between the instability of the modern world and the general conditions as to safety, yield and liquidity that the investments must satisfy.

LAHORE: Holding that the prosecution had fabricated a dying declaration, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Diwan Ramlal saved an Indian Christian from the gallows and set him at liberty.

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A unique Scientific Invention is "EVERSHINE". It makes a man look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than his actual age, and gives a surprising increase in vitality and Energy within the first 24 to 48 hours. If you suffer from loss of vigour, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, impure blood, Depression, Insomnia, Giddiness, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, etc., there is a new hope for you. This well-known product will restore your Youthful Vigour and Vitality. Its miraculous effect has been systematically tried out in SWITZERLAND on dry plants and trees. Decaying leaves were restored again to their natural green with all the freshness of Spring. "EVERSHINE" is an excellent nerve builder and ensures a rapid increase in weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life, and gives natural new teeth to the old men, and makes for an astonishing improvement in skinny shape. The Roses return to your cheek and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. Commence taking "EVERSHINE" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "EVERSHINE".

In order to popularise "EVERSHINE" the price is to be Rs. 3/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 15/- will be charged. Chances for such wonders occur rarely in life. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late.

NOTE :—A cash Reward of Rs. 5,000 shall be awarded to any Scientist or Medical Man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our wonderful invention.

THE ROYAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE
G. P. O. Box No. 155, Calcutta.

SLEEPINESS AFTER MEALS

Means Stomach Disorder

Have you been in the habit of dismissing that sleepy feeling after a meal as just a kind of laziness, or the result, perhaps, of eating a little too well? If so, you may be quite wrong. It is probably due to the faulty action of your principal digestive organ, the stomach.

One important stage in perfect digestion depends on the correct muscular action of your stomach. This is essential to ensure that the food in your stomach is ready for the next stage. If that muscular action is weak and sluggish, digestion does not go on successfully. That is why you feel sleepy after meals.

Whatever may have caused this stomach weakness, you must put it right if you want to avoid the pain and misery of a thoroughly upset digestion. What you need is something that will *encourage normal digestive action*—the famous Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. It corrects the disorder from which you are suffering, and sets the entire digestive system working naturally and perfectly again.

Get a bottle of MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder to-day which is only genuine with the signature "ALEX C. MACLEAN" on bottle and carton, and the red seal on carton. Never sold loose—only in bottles in cartons (powder or tablets). Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

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On The Air

MONDAY, MARCH 18.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 Ranjit Roy: Piano. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 P. Taranath. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 A Topical Talk in Marathi. 9-15 Shajahan Junagadhwali. 9-25 Sitar and Jaltarang. 9-35 Balkrishnabuwa Kapileshwari.

12-30 p.m. A musical potpourri. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Garbas Galore. 1-10 Mutual Understanding: Lesson in Eng. and Hind. 1-25 What shall I cook to-day? 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music.

5 p.m. You asked for it. 5-15 Selected by Jalla F. Umriger. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Selected by R. D. Seth. 5-50 Selected by Dashrathlal J. Rawal. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani 6-10 Amateur Attempts. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani (Marathi) For Children Only. 7 Do not guard your Frontiers: Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 7-25 Soch Samajh: Abdul Karim Khan. 7-30 Jangla on Sarod. 7-35 Shajahan Junagadhwali. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 War and Our Industries: 4: Motor car manufacture in India: Talk. 8-45 Horl. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Bhavgeets. 9-55 Shamabai. 10-20 Sitar and Sarod. 10-30 News in English.

Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 to 8-15 a.m. As in Bom. 1. 8-15 Film ke Sitare. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bom. 1. 8-40 Three Bhajans. 8-50 P. Taranath. 9 to 10 As in Bom. 1. 12-30 p.m. to 12-57 As in Bom. 1. 12-57 Allan Mian and Party: Shahnai. 1 to 1-30 As in Bom. 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bom. 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bom. 1. 5-25 A Variety. 5-35 to 6 As in Bom. 1. 6 Balkrishnabuwa Kapileshwari. 6-30 to 7-30 As in Bom. 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 A Violin recital. 8 P. Taranath. 8-15 Ek Ghazal. 8-25 to 9 As in Bom. 1. 9 Shamabai. 9-30 The Heavens Encompassed. 9-50 Ken Mac and his Band with Beryl Templeman: Latest dance music. 10-30 News in English.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. A I R Strings. 5-15 Mohammad Shafi. 5-30 Anwarbai of Agra. 5-50 A Pianoforte recital. 6-15 Ashiq Husain. 6-30 I knew a man: Talk in Hindustani. 6-45 Gordhandas 7 For Villagers only 8 Sidelights on the war: Talk. 8-5 Azib and Irshad: Duets. 8-15 Sports Review relayed from Lahore. 8-30 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 10 The Nite Club Boys: Dance music. 10-35 Persian music. 10-55 Persian Music. 10-58 News in Persian (Contd.) 11-3 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 7 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 7 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 7-30 A light variety. 8 to 10 As in Delhi 1. 10 Anwarbai of Agra. 10-15 Do Ghazalen.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Krishnabai of Allahabad. 6-30 Budh Singh Tan. 6-45 For the countryside. 7-30 The Punjabi Muse. 6: Talk in Punjabi. 7-45 Ghulam Ali Khan. 8-5 Inayatbai Dherawall. 8-15 Sports review: Talk. 8-30 Krishnabai. 8-50 Budh Singh Tan: Geet or an explanatory Talk 9-50 Sangeet Sammelan.

Dacca—Programme

257.1 metres (1,167 kc/s)

5 p.m. Music and dance. 5-30 Bishnupada Bannerjee. 5-50 Nilima Dhar: Bangla Gan. 6-5 Gramer Pathe. 7 Pulin Deb Burman of Agartala. 7-15 Rajeshwaribai. 7-45 Health Problems of Bengal: Talk in Bengali. 8 Anima Das Gupta: Modern Bengali songs. 8-15 Hemanta Mukerjee. 8-30 Anima Das Gupta: Rabindra Sangeet. 9-5 Hemanta Mukerjee. 9-45 Songs from the screen. 10 Pulin Dev Burman. 10-10 Rajeshwaribai.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time)
370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the countryside. 5-50 Ashalata Roy. 6-5 Alauddin Sarkar. 6-15 Instrumental duet. 6-25 Maya Devi. 6-45 Birendra Nath Biswas. 7 Modern Tendencies in Education. 6: Talk in Bengali. 7-15 K. Mullick. 7-30 Bartaku-Kshetrey and Barta-Kukshetrey. 7-45 K. Mullick. 8 Just a surprise. 8-20 Rathin Chowdhuri. 8-30 Empire at war: Talk relayed from B B C. 9 Enid Coster: Soprano. 9-55 Ted Frangopoulo and his Blue Harmony Boys.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 10-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1.

Lucknow—Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

5-30 p.m. Ghalib and Iqbal. 5-42 Sandhya Rag: Kamleshwaribai of Benares. 6-10 Dream song from Oomar Khayyam. 6-20 Talaat Mahmud. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar: For rural areas. 7 Dak ka Thaila. 7-15 Hori and Dadra: Kamleshwaribai. 7-30 Vikramshela: Talk in Hindustani. 7-45 Vocal and instrumental. 8 Madhur Milan: Musical feature in Hindustani. 8-20 Rang Birange Gane. 8-50 Topic of the day or Indian music. 9-45 Records. 9-50 Muzumder and party. 10-5 Talaat Mahmud. 10-13 A Miscellany.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Shri. V. Abhayambal. 4-30 Hariem Crotchets: Count Basie and his Orchestra. 5 Instrumental music. 5-20 C. S. Krishna Iyer. 6-5 V. Santanamiah: Violin. 6-30 A Variety programme in Malayalam. 7 War behind the war, 1: Topical feature. 7-50 Shermadevi L. Subrahmanya Sastri: Veena. 8-30 C. S. Krishna Iyer. 9 Books that have changed out minds: Talk. 9-45 Shermadevi L. Subrahmanya Sastri: Veena.

Madras II—Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 to 6-5 p.m. As in Madras 1. 6-5 For rural areas. 6-30 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Bandsman Xavier: Cello (from Governor's Orchestra). 9-50 Mary Blyth: Soprano. 10-15 Charles Velu: Tenor.

Trichy Programme

296 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-20 Dalipatri Pichahari Brothers: Nagaswaram. 6-5 For the villages. 6-30 V. K. Raghava Menon. 7 War behind the war, 1: Topical feature. 7-15 Learn to Sind. 7-50 Shri. T. Ramatilakam. 8-30 Got the Job: Comedy. 8-50 V. K. Raghava Menon. 9-45 Shri. T. Ramatilakam.

N. Y. COTTON QUIET IN SYMPATHY WITH SECURITIES

COMMISSION HOUSES AND NEW ORLEANS SELLING: TRADE AND FOREIGN SUPPORT

Bombay, March 16

On Friday the New York cotton market early advanced on the steadiness abroad but later sagged, influenced by the easiness of securities on renewed peace talk which also contributed to the downward trend of Chicago grains where prices declined under persistent liquidation on the absence of the usual high winds in March and South-western dustbowl, though covering finally appeared on Kansa crop complaints.

STATISTICAL POSITION

The report of the Census Bureau of the domestic mill consumption of cotton during February 1940 and stocks of cotton on hand and at the end of February is as follows:—

	1940	1939	1938	1937
February				
Consumption	663	562	428	664
Stock of lint in warehouses and at compresses	12157	14069	11656	5966
Stock of lint in manufacturing establishments	1702	1559	1815	2056
Export of Lint	747	264	399	463
Number of active spindles	22804	22525	22,357	24536

Consumption of linters is placed at 86,000 bales.

In the above figures thousands are omitted. Quoted in bales.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady and advanced on the prompt stoppage of 166 final notices by a leading spot house. Trade foreign and co-operative buying absorbed Commission House liquidation and Spot house selling. Prices sagged after the expiration of March delivery and local and New Orleans selling.

At the opening May was quoted 5 points up at 10.67 and advanced to 10.73 which was the highest level. But within next ten minutes increased selling appeared and May declined to 10.61 which was the lowest level. The market finally closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of 3 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 10.90c. per lb

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed unchanged to 2 points down. Spot cotton price closed unchanged at 10.44c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool market opened at a rise of 8 points with May 7.59. There was local support on steadiness of Bombay which was offset by hedging. Later on trade calling and local support. Contract were scarce apart from some week-end realising. The market closed at a rise of 10 to 6 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 7.66d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was steady. Uppers futures advanced 20 to 7 points and Giza futures closed 10 to 11 points up. The Alexandria market was closed on Friday

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest (10-40 a.m.)	10.73+11
New York May lowest (1-57 p.m.)	10.61—01
Liverpool May highest	7.64+13
Liverpool May lowest	7.54+03

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friend:—

Liverpool: Growing belief imports American likely be curtailed duration war owing Dollar restrictions and increasing freight facilities for Brazilian. Market acted sold out. Looks higher.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 16.

May	10.52
July	10.29
Middling Spot	10.77

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, March 16.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	9,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	4,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	3,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, March 16.

The market remains closed.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 16.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 97-10.
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 101/14
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 98-11
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes 94-4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 104-2
5 per cent 1960/70 Loan 108/2
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 106/0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114/4
5 per cent 1940/43 Bond 101-11
3 per cent 1953/65 Loan 93

TAX-FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 112-3
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 110-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 120-8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B. P. T. 1974 106
4 per cent M. Deb. 1947 105
5 per cent M. Deb. 1959 115/0
6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 122
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956 120/12

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, March 16

B. C. RATES —
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 16th September
LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 16th September
Bank's buying T T 1/5 1/32 to 16th Sept.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 3/32 one month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 333
Bank's buying T T 329
Bank's buying D D 328
PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 1300
Bank's buying T T 1340
JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 85 3/6
Bank's buying T T 84 3/8
Bank's buying 60 days 83 3/8
AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 55 1/8
JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 54 5/8
HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 83 5/8
SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 25
SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATE:—
Hongkong London 1/2 29/32 16th inst.
Shanghai London 0/4 5/16 16th inst.
Java London 7.47/55 16th inst.
New York London 3.71.12 15th inst.
London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 15th inst.
London Paris 176 1/2—3/4 15th inst.
London Italy 73.00 15th inst.
London Belgium 23.60/75 15th inst.
London Switzerland 17.85/95 15th inst.
London Stockholm 16.85/95 15th inst.
London Amsterdam 7.53/58 15th inst.
London Japan 1/3 9/32 15th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Dull.
Gold £8-8-0 14th inst.
Gold £8-8-0 15th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 11/16 14th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 15/16 15th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 11/16 15th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 15/16 15th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 14th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 15th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 14th inst.
London Discount 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 15th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 14th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 15th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call 1 1/4 per cent.
3 months 2 per cent.
6 months 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, March 15

Messrs. Batlival and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars
Amr Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	44 1/2
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	23
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Pfd 2030	62
Electric Bond and Share Com	6 1/2
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	57 3/8
Int Tel and Tel 1952	43 1/4
Amr Tel and Tel	172
Sun Life of Canada	295
Union Pacific	93 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio	38 1/2
Western Union Telegraph	22 1/4
New York Central R R	15 1/8
Pennsylvania R R	21 1/4
Canadian Pacific	4 3/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	84 1/4
Amrex Corporation	16 1/4
Texas Corporation	44 7/8
N. Y. Chicago and St. Louis 6 per cent Pfd. A.	29 3/8
United States Steel	55 1/8
Bethlehem Steel	73 7/8
National Steel	67
Republic Stee'	19 1/4
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 3/4
Crucible Steel	37
Inland Steel	84 1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	35 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	27 3/4
U. S. Smelting	61 1/2
Chrysler Motors	84 1/8
General Motors	53
Firestone Rubber	19 5/8
Brooklyn Manhattan Transit	22 3/8
Standard Brands	6 7/8
Socony	11
Consolidated Oil	7 3/8
Chase National Bank	33 3/4
National City Bank of New York	28 3/4

Turnover 880,000 shares

Scattered Buying In Share Bazar

LIMITED TURN-OVER AND NARROW FLUCTUATIONS

Cotton Mill Shares Steady

Bombay, March 16

The local share bazar in the absence of any important business was quietly steady and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Professional operators were not inclined to operate pending developments in Europe but there was scattered realising on reports of peace talk in America

In view of approaching holidays general business was quiet and in some sections it is believed that the mill strike will end soon. This hope influenced some buying in cotton mill shares and particularly Bombay Dyeing was steady with a slightly better enquiry.

Wall Street sentiment was still dominated by the complicated European situation and with growing peace talk touching off more urgent selling, the stock market slipped anything to dollars before a feeble support stemmed the setback. Steels notably came under pressure on the likelihood of another recession in mill activity next week. The market closed heavy. U. S. Steel shares declined 1 5/8 at 55 1/8. Anaconda Coppers lost 5/8 at 27 3/4 and General Motors closed 7/8 down at 53 dollars.

The general sentiment in the market remains moderately bullish under the leadership of Tata Steel shares. These shares which carry a handsome dividend in the existing quotations are bound to induce holdings but the market will have to be cautious over political developments.

Commodity prices are steadily seeking lower levels with diminishing support but continues weakness in sterling in term of dollar at New York is a factor which will have considerable effect. The present disparity between controlled cross rate at London and free rate in New York cannot be allowed long.

The market was quietly steady but towards the close there was scattered buying and on balance prices as compared with the last close do not show any material change.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 2000 and improved to Rs. 2020 under scattered buying. At this level there was some liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 1995 but again rallied to Rs. 2020. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 379 and after declining to Rs. 377 improved to Rs. 382. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 930 and advanced to Rs. 945. Century shares opened at Rs. 283 and closed at Rs. 285. Central Indias were placed at Rs. 285. Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 120. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 610 and closed at Rs. 616.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 16

100	Ahmedabad Advance	305 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	945 0
100	CENTURY	283 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	284 8
100	COLABA	155 8
100	Coorla	20 0
250	David	40 0
250	Dawn	390 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 7 8
100	FINLAY	164 0
100	GOKAK	191 8
1000	Hindustan	1860 0
100	Indore	39 4
100	Khatau	113 8
10	KOHINOOR X.D.	358 0
250	Laxmi	513 12
250	Madras United	75 0
100	MORARJI	190 0
250	Model	70 8
50	MYSORE	107 0
200	NEW GREAT	356 0
100	Oosmanshai	55 0
100	Phoenix	280 0
25	SASSOON SILK	78 0
1000	Sholapur	3610 0
50	SIMPLEX	108 0
100	SWADESHI	255 0
100	SWAN	152 0
500	Vishnu	1300 0
1000	Western	900 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda X.D	99 0
25-50	Central	36 3
500	Imperial	1520 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	369 6
50-100	India	140 8
100	Reserve Bank	109 4
5	Union	5 12

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	120 0

INSURANCE

100	Empire	630 0
15-100	Jupiter	10 6
20	Mercantile	49 0
15-75	New India	38 10
200	Oriental	4350 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 1

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed. Old	152 8
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1547 8
10	Ajmer	10 8
50	BOMBAY TRAM	131 0
100	Bombay Suburban	162 8
10	Broach	11 2
100	Karachi	190 0
100	Poona	185 0
100	Surat	155 0
100	TATA HYDRO	162 0
1000	TATA POWERS	1362 8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	955 0
100	C. Province	97 8
100	Oh. Baramati	96 0
100	Gujarat	95 0
100	Mandra Bhon	91 5
100	Pachora Jamner	72 0
100	Sara Serajganj	93 4
500	Tapti Valley	757 8

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation X.D.	6 8
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 4
10	Indian Iron and Steel	35 12
15	SHIVRAJPUR	39 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	2020 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	382 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	475 0
10	Air Services	6 0
50	BELLAPUR SUGAR	216 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	621 4
250	BOMBAY STEAM	290 0
125	B. BURMA	616 4
50	B. BURMA CONT.	188 2
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	4 11 6
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	91 8
100	IND. BLEACHING	111 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	45 0
10t	Ind. Radio Def	457 8
100	Indian Radio Ord.	465 0
100	Port Canning	75 0
30	PREMIER CON.	86 4
15	Scindia	18 2
25	Tata Oil Mill	49 8
100	Western I Match	137 8

PREFERENCE

7	p.c Andhra Valley	1430 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam	283 12
7	p.c Bombay Tram (T. F.)	75 4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	567 8
6 1/4	p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	113 0
6 1/4	p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	103 0
7	p.c Tata Hydro	142 8
7 1/2	p.c Tata Power	1495 0
6	p.c Tata Steel 1st Pref.	203 0
7 1/2	p.c Tata Steel 2nd	144 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	680 0

DEBENTURES

3 3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	100 0
6	p.c Andhra Valley	103 10
4	p.c Bombay Telephone	50 4
7	p.c. Sholapur	75 0
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	103 8

(Capital letters indicate shares of forward list.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, March 16

Bombay Dyeing (935) 930 942 936 945 946 945
Century (285/8) 283 286 284 285
Central India (283) 282 286 283 286 285
Kohinoor (355) 352 358 356
New Great (352/4) 352 358 354
Simplex (107) 106 107/8 106/8 107
Swadeshi (254) 253 256 254
Associated Cement (119/4) 119 120 119/8 120
Tata Hydro (162) 162
Tata Power (1358/12) 1357 1360 1362
T Steel Defd (2017/8) 2002 2000 2020 2002 2015 1995 2020 (2030)
T Steel Ord (379) 379 380 379 381 378 380 377 382 (384)
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (144/8) 144/8
Bellapur (216) 216 215/8 216
B Steam (288) 290
B Burma (615) 610 615 613 615 611 616

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, March 15

3 per cent	82 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	95 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103
4 per cent 1948/53	108
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114 3/4
5 per cent 1942/47	107 1/4
5 per cent 1949/52	99
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	111 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	62/6

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 16

Yarn No. 6 1/2s April 135 June 137 August 140
Yarn No. 10 1/2s April 158 June 161 August 164
Yarn No. 20 1/2s April 212 June 215 August 219
Yarn No. 40s April 265 June 267 August 270

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, March 15

Broach A/M highest 257 1/2 lowest 254 3/4 closing 256 1/4
Broach J/A highest 267 1/4 lowest 264 1/2 closing 265 3/4
Oomra March highest 231 lowest 228 1/2 closing 229 1/4
Oomra May highest 235 lowest 232 1/2 closing 233
Oomra July highest 239 1/2 lowest 237 1/2 closing 237 1/4
Bengal March highest 196 lowest 193 closing 196
Bengal May highest 197 1/4 lowest 195 closing 197 1/4
Bengal July highest 200 1/2 lowest 198 1/2 closing 200
Night session: Broach A/M opening Rs. 256 1/4 highest Rs. 258 lowest Rs. 256 1/4 closing Rs. 256 1/2. Broach J/A closing Rs. 266 1/4.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, March 16

Castorseeds	May—	
	Opening	Rs. 48 14 0
	Highest	49 0 0
	Lowest	48 8 0
	Closing	48 12 0
Groundnuts	May—	
	Opening	38 15 0
	Highest	39 0 6
	Lowest	38 5 6
	Closing	38 7 6
Cottonseeds	May—	
	Opening	26 4 6
	Highest	26 5 0
	Lowest	26 1 0
	Closing	26 1 6

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, March 16

Yellow metal sheets ..... Rs. 57 0 0
Copper sheets ..... Rs. 72 0 0
Tone: Steady.

COTTON PARITY

Difference Broach A/M below Liverpool May 172 penny points
Difference Broach J/A below Liverpool July 155 penny points
Difference Broach A/M below New York May 79 cent points
Difference Broach J/A below New York July 17 cent points

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, March 16

Bengal Fine	201-02
Bengal F G	196-98
C P 1	245-48
C P 2	232-34
Berar	228-30
Khandesh	222-25
Jalna Sailu	223-25
Ahmednagar	223 25
Broach	251-56
Punjab 4 F	266-74
Punjab 289 F	304-09
Sindh N T	284-92

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, March 16

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:
Ready (small grain) Rs. 18-3-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 18-5-0
Shipment January Rs. 8-2-0 F B H
Shipment February Rs. 8-2-0 F B H
Shipment March Rs. 8-4-0 F B H
Shipment September Rs. 8-3-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 17-10-0 to 18
Ready (large grain) Rs. 18-0-0 to 18-8-0
Tone: Quiet.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, March 16

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 94/4; 4 per cent 1960/70 108/3; 5 per cent 1945/55 112/2

BANKS

Bank of Baroda 99; Bank of Hindusthan 21/8; Bank of India 140; Central Bank 36/2; Imperial Bank F P 1517/8; Imperial Bank P P 369/6; Indian Overseas Bank 50; Reserve Bank 109/4; Union Bank 5/11/6

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles 440; Ambica 265; Arun 217/8; Arvind 1350; Asok 215; Bharatkhand Textiles 2200; Bombay Dyeing 942/8; Buckingham and Carnatics 214; Calico 745; Central India 283/12; Century 285; Colaba 154/6; Elgin 155/10; Gokak 191/4; Hukumchand 165/10; Indore Malwa 38/12; Jubilee 248/2; Khatau Makanji 113/2; Kohinoor 357/8 Laxmi Cotton 512/8; Madhusudan 200; Marsden 104; Morarji 187/8; Mysore 107; Nandlal Bhandari 77/4; New Great 57/8; Raipur 690; Rajnagar 150; Sajjan 97/8; Sassoon and Alliance 98; Sholapur 3610; Simplex 107/8; Swadeshi 252/8; Vishnu 1395; Podar Mills 180

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley ord 1547/8; Tata Hydro Ord 160; Tata Power Ord 1360

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics 152/8; Ajmer Electrics 10/8; Amalgamated 10/8; Bombay Suburban 102/8; Bombay Tram 130; Jaigaon Electrics nil; Lahore Electrics 225; Surat Electrics 155

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown 475; Associated Cements 119/12; Belapur 215; Bombay Burma New 197/8; Bombay Burma Old 615; Bombay Steam 290; Bombay Telephone 91; Br. B. Petrol 4/11/6; Burma Corporation 6/8; Dalmia Cement 9/12; Indian Bleaching 110; Industrial Investment Tr. 44/12; Indian Radio Ord 405; Indian Radio Defd 447/8; Indian Copper 2/4; Indian Iron 35/12; Mysore sugar 43/4; Port Canning 74/12; Premier Construction 86; Rohtas Industries 21; Scindia Steam 18; Shivrajpur 39; Steel Corp of Bengal 19/10; Tata Oil 49/4; Tata Steel ordy 382/8; Tata Steel Defd 2025

JUTES

Birla Jute 21/4; Howrah 54/8; Hukumchand 7/1; Kamarhatty 500; Kanknarrah 410; Lawrence 415; Reliance 59/4

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay: March 16.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

	Rs. as. ps.
Pepper ready Allepey per candy	89 0 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy	89 0 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy	91 0 0
Pepper ready Lampong in C.I.F. per candy	not quoted
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt	15 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	18 0 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt	15 8 0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15 per cwt	15 0 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 16

As the period for expiry of yearly tejimandi operations is drawing near, the market is sagging as anticipated. Weak holders are getting disappointed and offices are absorbing offering Thus the market is becoming sold out and while there will be more disposition to await tenders against Broach A/M contract, the market is influenced by peace talks in America. Mr. Welles is now on his way back to Washington and his findings which are mostly of an economic nature will be placed before President Roosevelt but in his speech President hoped for peace by spring is giving hopes for some move.

In sympathy with a rise of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the market opened at Rs. 254 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 254/8 on scattered buying. Later on there was increased selling and prices eased off to Rs. 252/12.

Later on the market was quiet and closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach:—		
April/May	Rs.	253 0 0
July/August		262 12 0
Fine M G Oomra:—		
March		227 0 0
May		230 12 0
July		235 0 0
F G M G Bengal:—		
March		194 8 0
May		195 0 0
July		197

AMERICAN COTTON WEEKLY STATICTICS

New York, March 15.

	Season To Date	CORRESPONDING. This Week	Season	Week
Total in sight (excluding Linters) ...	11,966	198	8,187	103
Forwarded to American mills, including Canada and other American excluding Linters)	6,086	132	4,670	116
Exports from U. S. Ports	5,234	160	2,811	80
Of which to Japan	711	10	703	33
Of which to China	347	3	57	—
Of which to Great Britain	1,672	75	387	15
Of which to Germany	30	—	373	5
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	2,905	—	2,420
Stock at U. S. interior towns	—	2,700	—	3,009
World' visible supply	—	—	—	8,872
Of which American cotton	—	—	—	6,472
Forwarded to world's mills (excluding linters)	—	—	7,350	223
Receipt at U. S. ports	6,725	127	3,488	49

N.B. All in bales thousands omitted.
Certificated stocks are extimated at 24,000 bales.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

Directors' Report For Nine Months

The Directors' report for the nine months ending December 1939 is as under :—

The net profit for the period of nine months ending 31st Dec. 1939 including the sum of Rs. 1,05,510/2/9 brought forward from last year's account amounts to Rs. 3,62,496-10-10. This amount the Directors propose to dispose of as follows :—

	Rs.as.ps.
To pay a dividend of annas 3 and pies 6 per share equal to 5 3/4 per cent per annum (free of income-tax) on 1,74,562 shares	7,98,000 8 0
To write down the Premises Account	10,000 0 0
To set aside for income-tax and super-tax for the year	15,000 0 0
To place to Reserve Fund	50,000 0 0
To place to Dividend Equalisation Fund	10,000 0 0
To carry forward the balance to next year's account	1,02,934 2 10
	Rs. 3,62,496 10 10

As indicated in the Chairman's speech at the last annual general meeting the financial year of the Bank has been changed from April/March to January/December to be in a line with other Banks, and hence the accounts were closed this time for nine months ended 31st December, 1939.

The progress of the Bank has continued to be satisfactory as will appear from the following figures :—

	31-3-1938	31-3-1939	31-12-1939
Fixed, Current and Savings Bank Deposits and other accounts	1,06,09,100	1,16,94,600	1,44,39,400
Advances ...	64,20,600	61,42,300	96,22,800
Against Securities	32,55,100	27,95,500	85,68,500
On personal Security of one or more parties ...	31,65,500	33,46,800	10,54,300

The Directors place on record their deep regret at the death of their Colleague and Chairman Sir Hormusjee Cowasjee Dinshaw, Kt. C.V.O., O.B.E., in August last. He was connected with the Bank since its inception and was Chairman of the Board of Directors almost from the beginning. His guidance used to be very useful and by his passing away the Bank has suffered a great loss.

Mr. M. S. Captain was elected Chairman of the Board of Directors in his place.

To comply with the requirements of Section 87 (i) of the Indian Companies Act, 1936 Mr Vithaldas Kanji who had previously resigned as a Central Bank Director was invited to join the Board to fill up the vacancy caused by the death of Sir Hormusjee C. Dinshaw, Kt., and you will be requested to confirm his appointment as a Director.

Our Safe Deposit Vault had to face a severe competition on account of which the rentals of the lockers had to be considerably reduced. The Vault, however, has been very popular and the result shown so far is considered satisfactory.

U. P. STOCK EXCHANGE ASSOCIATION LTD.

Regular Trading From Next Week

CAWNPORE : March 13.

Further details are now available of the U. P. Stock Exchange Associated, Ltd. which is to be inaugurated at Cawnpore on 22nd inst. by Sir Hormasji Mody, K.B.E., M.L.A., Chairman, Board of Associated Cements Ltd. and Chairman, Central Bank of India Ltd., Bombay. It appears that roughly about 35 firms and individuals have so far been elected by the Committee of the Association as members of the Exchange. These include, apart from local firms and individuals of good financial standing who desire to act as Brokers in the new Exchange, certain associated firms of Calcutta Stock Exchange. Enquiries regarding membership have also been received from Bombay Brokers. It is not expected that the membership of the Exchange will in the initial period, be allowed to swell beyond 50. The Committee of the Association, of which Rai Bahadur Lala Rameshwar Prasad Bagla is the President and Mr. Ram Ratan Gupta, Mr. Ram Deo Morolia and Lala Hanuman Prasad Newatia are the members, will shortly co-opt three more members from the general body of membership of the Association. In the first instance, the Committee of the Association have admitted for transactions in Ready Delivery Contracts about 15 local shares and 10 outside shares which are actively dealt in in other Stock markets. Further admission of shares will be made at the application of the members. The forward list is now limited to six only and includes Tata Ordinary, Indian Iron and Steel, British India Corporation and Burma Corporation.

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay : March 16.

17998 bdls baling hoops; 177 coils steel hoops; 1991 bdls steel plates; 382 bdls steel bars; 96 bdls steel hoops; 610 bags nails accessories; 566 cases wire nails; 610 coils baling wire; 315 pkgs chicory; 600 D/bags iron hinges; 114 drums aniline dyes; 39261 bags chemicals; 2931 ingots spelter; 144 brls earth colours; 50 c/s tinware; 2380 bags lithopone; 87 c/s sheet glass; 125 bags nuts; 1123 od's M S hoops; 50 bdls M S strips; 120 c/s rivets; 52 casks wire netting; 327 cases elect wire and cable; 46 c/s blue; 80 c/s panel pins; 450 c/s Napthaline; 50 bls paper; 189 c/s square cut wire tacks; 85 c/s rough glass 40 c/s zinc dust; 60 c/s square cut tacks; 66 c/s square cut wire tacks; 54 crates iron baths; 125 cases iron screws; 200 Nos empty drums gcivd; 56 c/s square wire tacks; 315 bags glue; 100 cases milk powder; 317 cases cheese; 890 c/s skimmed milk; 315 c/s cond milk; 105 c/s brandy; 250 bls straw boards; 50 c/s preserves; 50 c/s raw ivory; 107 bags almond kernals. 64 tins juice (dates) 1847 bdls wet dates; 40 bags granulated stoves; 428 bags dry dates.

EXPORTS

Bombay : March 16.

1789 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 163 bls hemp raw T Dawoodbhai; 50 bls hemp raw H K Kesharwalla; 2000 pkts myraballam P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 93 bls cotton rags The Overseas Cotton Waste Co; 25 bls cotton twist waste M Chandulal and Co; 60 bls cotton twist waste Barot Bros; 90 bls cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 348 bags celery seeds Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 1100 bgs groundnut kernals P Haridas and Co; 53 bgs gall nuts H Rawji; 399 bags gum Mepani Bros; 1760 bags mustard seed Volkart Bros; 8640 bags groundnut kernals The East Asiatic Co Ltd; 27 bls D/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 1200 bags groundnut oil cakes exp L Dreyfus and Co; 120 bls cotton piece goods W H Brady and Co Ltd; 500 bls raw cotton Volkart Bros: 100 bls raw cotton K M Nathoo; 146 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 400 bls raw cotton Ramnarain Sons Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton Kotak and Co; 400 bls raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 2560 bags groundnut cakes exp K Devchand and Co Ltd; 1167 bags linseed K Devchand and Co Ltd; 20 bls cotton twist waste Champaklal and Co; 1044 bags mustard seeds H K Kesharwalla.

RUTHLESS REPRESSION IN TRAVANCORE

State Congress Volunteers Belaboured, Taken To Distant Places At Mid-night And Let Off

(From A Correspondent)

ERNAKULAM. March 16

Yesterday evening a batch of 14 Travancore State Congress volunteers under the leadership of Mr. Oomen Verghese, marched from the western limit of the town of Palai towards the Thomanamattom Maidan to attend the State Congress meeting and volunteer Rally. While marching they raised Congress slogans and distributed bulletins. When they were passing through the Kizhthadiyur Bridge, they were stopped by some "special police" in Mufti who began beating them then and there. On their refusal to disperse, they were taken to the Police Station and belaboured.

By midnight they were taken miles away from the town and let down by twos and threes in helpless condition.

Ten out of the 14 volunteers reached Koothathi Kulam hospital by daybreak with the help of passersby. They were arrested this morning by the local Police and taken to custody.

CHARGES OF CHEATING, THEFT AND CONSPIRACY

Against Bank Manager, Landlord, Barrister And Share Broker

CALCUTTA, March 16.

On a complaint made by Mr. V. R. Sonalkar on behalf of the Bank of Baroda, Limited, Mr. M. P. Amin, former manager of the Calcutta Branch of the Bank, Mr. Sailendranath Mitter, landlord and merchant, Mr. Dwijendrachandra Ghosh, a member of the English Bar, and Mr. Sareshchandra Bose, a share broker, appeared before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day in response to the summons issued against them by the Magistrate on charges of cheating, theft, criminal breach of trust and conspiracy to commit these alleged offences in respect of Rs. 6,66,000 by means of over drafts.

The accused were released on a bail of Rs. 5,000 each and the hearing has been adjourned till April 12 next.—United Press.

EFFECT OF NEW WAR LOAN ON MONEY MARKET

LONDON, March 16

On the Money Market, despite a good turnover caused by the demand for subscription to the new War Loan, borrowers experienced no difficulty in obtaining loans. Fifty million treasury bills were offered, and allotted at an average rate of one pound and five pence. This is practically the same as last week.

Discount markets quota of 43 per cent., and their application for Bills have given satisfaction, especially as the total amount applied for showed an increase compared with last week.

Wall Street closed heavy.—Reuter.

KARACHI, March 15

Lack of public co-operation with the police and a general rise in population are the main causes of the increase in crime in Sind said the Home Minister in Sind Assembly.

Thundershowers In Assam

POONA, March 17.

Scattered thundershowers occurred on Western Himalayas and in Assam. Drosh and Sibsagar report a quarter of an inch each. Temperatures are appreciably below normal in northwest India.—A. P.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Mr. Thakkar And Baroda

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Some anonymous person sent me cutting entitled "Thakkar Bapa: Story of a dedicated Life" appearing in the issues of the "Sunday Chronicle" of the 4th and 11th February last. I sometime read the "Sunday Chronicle" with great interest, but somehow missed the articles in question, or otherwise I should have written before this. I see the writer has exploited the great occasion of the 70th anniversary of Mr. Thakkar's birth to repeat old lies about the Baroda State policy and of the attitude of the then District Magistrate during the Mata movement amongst the Raniparaj in Navsari district. It is suggested that the District Magistrate acted in panic, and that the policy was later modified, the District Magistrate was transferred and that the cases set up against four workers were withdrawn. Throughout the movement the District Magistrate watched with the utmost sympathy the development of a singular revival movement towards higher life amongst these primitive people. The Government fully backed him, not only in the steps that he had to take to check the attempts of non-Raniparaj workers to exploit the movement for anti-social ends, but also in his proposals for the economic betterment of these unfortunate tribes. At his instance, large superfluous reserves were freed from forests and pasture lands and created into special preserves for the landless amongst these people, and the beginnings were made to initiate protective legislation to abolish the Hali System, control rents payable by Raniparaj tenants and prevent alienation of land from Raniparaj khatedars to other classes. The old Kaliparaj Land Act after being dropped for some time, has now been re-enacted on a broader basis and applied to all backward classes, thus completely vindicating the policy then initiated; and the measures about rent-control have now found permanency in the statute book of the State. The transfer from Navsari in January 1924, of the District Magistrate to Baroda (a much more important charge) had nothing to do with any change of policy at all, but it was only to afford training, as the transfer order plainly stated, to a new comer from another department; and even after the transfer, he was frequently consulted on Raniparaj policy at subsequent stages. At his instance, the cases against the four workers were withdrawn, "when they offered unconditional apology and gave guarantees to abide loyally by Government instructions." These facts are of course omitted and opportunity is taken most unfairly to revive unpleasant echoes of a forgotten day, to soil a great occasion with barefaced untruths. I trust you will kindly see that the part the Baroda State played on that occasion is one which the administration has no reason to be ashamed of Yours, etc.,

S. V. MUKERJEA.

Baroda.

"An Extraordinary Yogi"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to my letter under the above caption which appeared in your valuable columns on March 8, I have been the recipient of a very large number of inquiries both from Bombay and upcountry. Will you, therefore, permit me to indent on your hospitality for a brief while to enable me to answer some of these questions?

Friends desire to know the basis of the methods employed by the Yogi in effecting the cure of diseases. Frankly, I am unable to give any rational explanation although the feats are well nigh marvellous. As I had stated in my original letter, it is a subject for inquiry by the scientist.

An inquirer from Ahmedabad wants to know if I can give him some guarantee. I am afraid I cannot. I had only described some of my observations. I have no other interest, official or otherwise.

The strangest of all the inquiries I have received emanates from Delhi and asks if the Yogi will be able to change the course of destiny. I am sure I cannot say, although I hold that it is impossible even for God to change the destiny of Man. To go into a discussion of the philosophy of this subject is not relevent and will be an abuse of your hospitality.

Almost all the inquirers have raised the question of fees. To my personal knowledge, there appears to be no question of fees involved or demanded.

Most of the questions will be answered adequately if I point out frankly that the best method of approach will be to get rid of the idea that there is anything supernatural or superhuman in any or all the exploits of the Yogi. It was not the purpose of my original letter to inculcate faith but to stimulate interest in what obviously is a forgotten science. Verily, the Yogi's mavellous feats deserve a sympathetic examination at the hands of inquiring scientists. Perhaps, my correspondents will do well to get into direct touch with the Yogi at "Sneha Sadan," Vincent Road, Matunga.—Yours, etc.,

M. S. M. SHARMA.

Scandalous

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—An economic grievance of teachers in some aided high schools which has just come to light has unfortunately failed to receive the attention it deserves. The practice on the part of the managers of such institutions so far used to be to engage them from June to the end of April. If the teacher, so sent away, whether he be male or female, was taken up again at the beginning of the next school year, he or she used to be paid for May. Otherwise, the unfortunate teacher had to go without it. In fact, this iniquitous method was generally in vogue in many schools as a means of effecting saving in salaries. The practice almost became a scandal, with the result that the Education Department could not but intervene. And it did so, as I understand, by the issue of a circular enjoining aided high schools to pay all their teachers who had worked from June to the end of April also for the month of May. It now transpires that some high school authorities in Bombay and elsewhere are getting round this well-meant circular by serving notices on their teachers, newly engaged, terminating their services, not at the end of April as before, but at the end of March. Whereas before the intervention of the Education Department they were able to pocket, of course for their institutions, one month's salary of the hard worked but poorly paid teachers, they can now do so in respect of two months' salaries of these teachers. The inequity of the arrangement will become still more obvious when it is borne in mind that while some teachers are thus paid for only eleven months, and now for ten months, the students are made to pay their fees for all the twelve months, without exception. Is this justice? Is this fairness? Cannot Education Department, by some timely action prevent this injustice?—Yours, etc.,

JUSTICE.

GANDHIJI'S REPLY TO DR. TAGORE

SANTINIKETAN, March 16.

The text of Mahatma Gandhi's reply to the letter which Dr. Rabindranath Tagore handed to him as the Mahatma left Santiniketan last month was released today.

"The touching note you put into my hands has gone straight to my heart." says Gandhiji's letter. "Of course, the Visvabharati is a National Institution. It is undoubtedly also international. You may depend upon my doing all I can, in the common endeavour to assure its permanence. Though I have always regarded Santiniketan as my second home this visit has brought me nearer to it than ever before."—A. P.

Poet Vallathol's Appeal For Funds For Kerala Art Centre

NEW DELHI, March 16.

Poet Vallathol of Malabar was entertained this evening by Malayali and South Indian residents of Delhi, including Mr N. R. Pillai, Rao Bahadur V. P. Menon Mr. Madhava Menon and also Mr. Devadas Gandhi.

The poet is here on his way back from Gwalior where on the invitation of H. H. the Maharaja the students of Kerala Kala Mandalam (Kerala Art Centre) which he has established in Malabar, gave performances of the ancient dance dramas known as Kathakali. Three performances have been arranged in Delhi and, thereafter, the party have been invited to visit Lahore.

The poet made an appeal for funds to complete the building for the Kala Mandalam which had helped to keep alive a great art which was fast declining.—A P

PRESENT IMPASSE & THE WAY OUT

(Continued from Page 6)

people and the world at large, in order to clear away much very harmful haziness and many misunderstandings

★

The whole human world's entire problems would be solved at once, if only we could and did say, all of us, that 'we are all humans, and not Indians or Britons, or Germans, or Italians, or Poles, or Japanese, or Chinese, or Russians, or Finns, or Arabs, or Turks, etc. In the diligent emphasising, teaching, preaching, of this patent fact, that we are all indubitably 'human,' will be found, (a) the Secret of Unity, (b) the removal of the obstacles to peace, (c) the laying of the spiritual foundations of the material (physiological as well as psychological) world-organisation, for lack of which, mankind is perishing to-day. Let the politico-religious leaders preach to the masses, much more industriously than they preach 'charkha' etc., that the name Hindu, Muslim, British, German, etc., is not written on any face, but that the name 'human' is so written; that the elemental needs of all, in respect of food, clothes, family-life, shelter, are the same; and that these needs can be satisfied, for all, by such-and-such a social organisation. Until and unless our leaders, and the leaders of the other countries, do this, they will go on muddling and falling into blunder after blunder, and bringing greater and greater misery to their peoples Out of the preaching, above recommended, will automatically issue all other things they are now preaching in vain, non-violence, anti-untouchability, H. M unity, a real League of all Nations, etc. Let that preaching be done, then, extensively and intensively to the masses in every country.

(To Be Continued).

Free Dispensary Opened At Utan

(From A Correspondent.)

UTAN, (By Mail.)

Under the joint auspices of Utan Dispensary and Utan School Committee a public meeting of the inhabitants of the Dharavi Island was held under the presidentship of Mr. V. V. Kirtane, Chairman, District School Board, Thana, at Utan on Sunday last to celebrate the opening ceremony of the Government Free Dispensary and prize distribution of Marathi Local Board School.

Rev. Fr. Athaide gave short history of the Dispensary. Mr. Peter P Kolas, Secretary of the Dispensary Committee read the report

Mr. Fakir Mahomed Fazalbhoy, the Chairman, School Committee, thanked all the donors, benefactors and guests.

T. B. HOSPITAL FOR KAPURTHALA

Lady Linlithgow Lays Foundation Stone

KAPURTHALA, March 16.

The need for a carefully worked out programme to include preventive as well as curative measures to combat tuberculosis was stressed by Her Excellency Marchioness of Linlithgow laying the foundation stone of the Tuberculosis Hospital.

Her Excellency stated that in India the campaign against this disease was in its infancy and it was estimated that 500,000 deaths occurred annually in India from tuberculosis alone and from two to five million were suffering from active forms of the disease. At present there were only 2,700 beds in the whole of India available for the treatment of the disease. From these figures, Her Excellency said, they would realise that they could not hope to deal with the problem by beds alone. They must have a carefully worked out programme to include preventive as well as curative measures.

Her Excellency advised His Highness to invite Dr. Friemodt Moeller, the Tuberculosis Expert who had been appointed as Medical Commissioner for India to visit the State and advise him regarding the necessary measures.

Garden Party To Viceroy

H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala gave a garden party to-day in honour of their Excellencies the Viceroy and Marchioness of Linlithgow.

The Kapurthala Soldiers' Board presented an Address to the Viceroy assuring His Excellency that ex-soldiers and future recruits of the State would do their utmost to win the war. Their Excellencies went for a drive in a zebra-driven carriage.

Return To Delhi

His Excellency the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow returned to Delhi this morning from Kapurthala tour.—A. P.

INDO-AFRICAN TRADE STATISTICS

NEW DELHI, March 13.

Although the total trade of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika Territory was in a depressed state, imports from India recorded an improvement, according to the quarterly report of the Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Mombasa, for July to September 1939.

Imports from India into Kenya and Uganda during January to September increased from £291,375 in 1938 to £339,230, showing an improvement in the percentage share of India from 4.1 to 4.9 per cent. Exports to India in the same period, however, fell from £2,815,066 to £1,527,517, recording a drop in the percentage share of India from 32.6 to 18.4 per cent. As a result the visible balance of trade against India was reduced from £2,523,691 in 1938 to £1,188,287.

Imports of merchandise from India into Tanganyika Territory between January and September rose in value from £121,036 in 1938 to £146,817. Exports to India, on the other hand, dropped from £140,350 to £88,613. As a result the visible balance of trade which was against India to the extent of £19,315 in the first nine months of 1938 turned in her favour to the extent of £58,204.—United Press.

Prof. J. L. Bannerji Killed In Car Accident

BURDWAN, March 16.

Mr. Jitendra Lal Bannerjee, a Congress candidate for election to the Bengal Legislative Council, was killed in a motor accident on Grand Trunk Road this morning.

Having missed the Bombay mail, Mr. Banerjee was coming by motor from Asansol to Burdwan in order to be present at the polling.

At a place called Panegarh, on Grand Trunk Road, about 30 miles from Burdwan, the car suddenly overturned and the inmates were thrown out. Mr. Bannerjee sustained injuries and died almost immediately. He was a Professor in a Calcutta college, was a powerful orator and was a member of the Bengal Legislative Council in the pre-reform days.

BODY BROUGHT TO CALCUTTA

Calcutta—The body of Mr. Bannerjee has been brought to the local hospital for a post-mortem examination.

It appears that the accident was the result of a tube-burst. The driver was apparently unable to control the speed of the car which went down a field and finally overturned. The other occupants including the driver escaped with injuries.—A. P.

MAYOR'S VISIT TO VANITA VISHRAM

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, Mayor of Bombay visited the Vanita Vishram on Saturday afternoon. He was taken round the premises by Mrs. Jaishri Raijee, Mrs. Kantaben Khandwala, Miss Kapila Khandwala, Mrs. Indira Joshi and others.

It was explained to the Mayor that the Vanita Vishram which was founded 25 years ago, has for its objects, the education of Hindu women, especially widows and orphans. The activities of Vanita Vishram comprise of a Girls' School, an English School and a training college. An appeal has recently been issued over the signature of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, for public subscriptions so that the institute, which, at present, is sufferring from a recuring annual dificit of Rs. 40,000 may be made self-supporting. The three institutes of the Vanita Vishram have a permenant student population of nearly one thousand, many of whom receive free education and board.

After the Mayor had gone round the different classes a meeting was held in the Main Hall.

Replying to the welcome Mr. Karanjia expressed his satisfaction for the excellent lines on which the institutions were run. He was glad that the girls of the Vanita Vishram were encouraged to this and act patriotically and asked the students to emulate the example of the western women who excelled in every type of labour and public activity.

Mrs. Jai Shri Raijee thanked the Mayor for the visit.

MR. NAICKER WELCOMES SIR RAZA'S RESOLUTION.

ERODE, March 16

Mr. E. V. Ramaswami Naicker, leader of the Justice Party welcomes the resolution of Sir Raza Ali to be placed before the Muslim League session, and says he would urge "the importance and necessity for an united anti-Congress front."

He adds during his talk with Mr. Jinnah he had expressed the same view, and he would request all minority leaders to support Sir Raza Ali's move.—A. P.

PETITION REJECTED.

CHITTAGONG, March 16

The petitions for bail on behalf of Mr. Ashafuddin Ahmed Chaudhury, Mr. Trailokya Chakravarty and Mr. Sudhangshu Dutt, who were convicted on Thursday, on a charge of violating the Defence of India Rules, was rejected, today, by the Sessions Judge, Mr. G. B. Synge.—A. P.

Haj Committee

The President, Anjuman-i-Khuddamun-Nabi, in a letter to the Secretary, Government of Bombay, writes:—

In our considered opinion, 19 members in the Port Haj Committee are entirely insufficient, and inadequate for the satisfactory administration of this department of Pilgrims. We therefore suggest that this number should be increased to fifty made up of representatives of both the Steamer Companies, B. B. and C. I. Rv Sahoo Siddick Crawford Market, Musafarkhana, Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co. Ltd. Custom Excise Officer, Muslim Ambulance Society, Hujjaj Food Supply Co. who feed the returning Pilgrims until they are safely repatriated to their respective homes by the Haj Committee—Jumma Masjid Board, who provide for the accommodation of the Hajees when the Musafarkhana are overcrowded.

Such a Committee consisting of members representing different bodies connected in one way or the other with the affairs of the Pilgrims will enable the Port Haj Committee to deal effectively with all the grievances of the Hajees.

INCREASE IN FODDER PRICES

Cattle Owners' Request To Rly. Authorities

There are about 1,50,000 heads of cattle in Bombay and its suburbs and their maintenance is dependent on the large stock of fodder railed down here from districts between Palghar and Surat. An average of 70 to 80 wagon loads of fodder daily to Bombay is necessary for the proper maintenance of cattle here.

Since July last the fodder merchants are railing down here a much lesser number of wagons and thereby sell fodder here at rates as much as over 100 per cent. more than the usual rates.

In this connection it is our request that sufficient wagons should be made available to ensure the daily arrivals of from 75 to 80 wagon loads of fodder daily to Bombay and that wharfage should be levied on merchants who do not clear their stock of fodder from the railway grounds in time.

The Hindustan Times Annual Number

COMMEMORATING
RAMGARH CONGRESS
128 PAGES 10 ANNAS

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SIR MAURICE GWYER
Mr. C. RAJAGOPALACHARI
SIR PURSHOTTAMDAS THAKURDAS
Mr. ABDUL QAIYUM
LORD SNELL
Mr. B. G. KHER
and others

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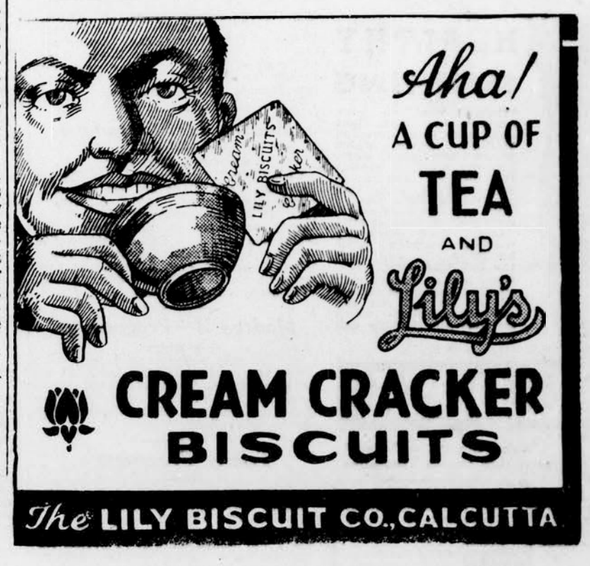

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Sud 9, 1996
Muslim: Safar 8, 1359
Parsi: Meher 15, 1309
Hightide: 5-39, 19-29
Lowtide: 0-11, 12-23
Sunrise: 6h. 46m.
Sunset: 6h. 49m.

MEETING TO PROTEST AGAINST ORDINANCE.

A public meeting under the auspices of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, will be held at the Nappoo Hall Gardens, Matunga (G. I. P.), to protest against the country wide misuse of the defence of India Act" to-day (Monday) at 9-00 p.m. (S.T.) when Sjt. J. C. Maitra will preside, and Sjts. K. B. Panikkar, A. S. R. Chari, P. Jeevanandanam and others will address.

BORIVLI PROTEST MEETING.

A protest meeting of the Citizens of Borivli, will be held in the Hall of the Borivli Sports Club at 9 p.m. to-day (Monday) to protest against the proposed curtailment of the Local suburban trains by the B. B. and C. I. Ry.

SETTEE KUSUM HARANATH TWO ANNAS DISPENSARY.

During the 4 months ending 29th February 1940, the total number of patients treated at the above Dispensary was 8977, of whom 4519 were males, 2556 females and 1902 children

BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the Association Mr. K. M. Rajkumar an Indian Globe-Trotter will recount some of his adventures in the different parts of the world, in the Chikitsak Samooha Shirolkar High School, Girgaon to-day (Monday) at 6 p.m.

(Mr. Rajkumar, an 18 years old Indian Deep Sea Scout, set out from his home in Udaipur to break the globe-trotting record set up by a German who walked 85,000 miles over the world in 11 years. After six years Mr. Rajkumar has accomplished 65,000 miles, having trudged over large areas in Africa, Asia and Australia.)

HINDI CLASS.

Hindi class is regularly conducted twice a week at the office of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, Wahidana Mansions, Poibavdi, Parel, under the auspices of the Hindi Prachar Sabha.

KALYANJI RATANJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

The total number of patients treated in the Kalyanji Ratanji Charitable Dispensary at Mangrol during the month of February was 5114.

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30-6:30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

MEN IN WHITE!
WOMEN IN LOVE!
Young Dr. Kildare's most dangerous case! Twice as many thrills!
HIS NEW ADVENTURES!
The SECRET of DR. KILDARE
LEW Ayres-Barrymore LIONEL
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REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Tyrone POWER Linda DARNELL Day-time Wife
A 20th Century-Fox Picture
Romance-Laughter-Wit!
ALSO:
"NEWSFRONTS OF WAR 1940"
Latest March of Time!

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
THE LAMBETH WALK

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Lambeth Walk" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Day-Time Wife" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Secret of Dr. Kildare" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Mighty Chang" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Flying Deuces" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Raigadh" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Beau Geste" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Will" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar" Daily at 3-45, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jawani-ki-Reet" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kum-Kum" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Holi" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gorakhnath" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"My Beloved" Time as usual.

BLAVATSKY LODGE DIAMOND JUBILEE

Dr. Arundale On Message Of Theosophy

The Diamond Jubilee of the Blavatsky Lodge Theosophical Society was celebrated at Blavatsky Lodge on Sundey evening.

Dr. George S. Arundale who was present by special invitation presided over the function and wished the organisation all success. As an ardent believer in the theory of re-incarnation he hoped to be present among them in the future jubilees and centenary celebrations of the society.

Defining what he understood by theosophy, the doctor said:—"Theosophy is the science of eternal living; it is the message of hope and youth everlasting: courage comes to him who studies it: peace comes to him. This message can be elaborated into volumes and treatises but it is the quintessence of theosophical teachings."

The speaker said, theosophy was unique in that, it sought to establish universal brotherhood among mankind, but went beyond it and included in its ambit, all life.

Recalling his associations with other theosophical high-lights now dead, he said:— "When I was very small I met H. P. Blavatsky; after all these years I remember that she was child-like in her life. I remember Colonel Olcott who was overflowing with fun, and Annie Beasant who was a mother to us all."

Shrimati Rukmini Devi's lecture on "India's culture and her future" did not take place.

"Black Monday"

The Hon. Secretary of the F Ward District Congress Committee writes:—

As per the decision of the Council of Management, of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, the following appeal to the residents of the ward has been issued.

"To protest against the country-wide misuse of the Defence of India Act.....arrests of political workers and Labour leaders all over the country and stifling even normal activities of the people by way of the Act; though the Act has no public's moral sanction and has been strongly detested by the Congress, we request and appeal to the public of this Ward to observe to-day (Monday) as the 'Black Monday' by observing complete Hartal."

MOTHER INDIA FREE NIGHT SCHOOL.

The opening ceremony of the School will be performed by Mr. B. G. Horniman, Editor of the "Bombay Sentinel" in the Esplanade High School premises at Empire Building, Hornby Road, Fort to-day (Monday) at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.).

JAMSETJEE NESSERWANJEE PETIT INSTITUTE.

The Formal Opening ceremony of the New Extension of the Institute Building will be performed by the President, Sir Dinshaw M. Petit, today (Monday) in the New Hall of the Institute at 6 p.m. (S.T.), it being the death anniversary day of the late Mr. Jamsetjee Nesserwanjee Petit.

RUKMINI DEVI'S ADDRESS.

Under the auspices of the Kalaniketan Shrimati Rukmini Devi, President, Kalashetra Adyar (Madras) will speak on "India's Culture and her Future", to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Blavatsky Lodge.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The Address of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee will henceforward be the office of the Bombay Legislature Congress Party, or C/o Messrs. Manilal Kher Ambalal and Co., Solicitors, 80, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort Bombay.

MUNICIPAL KAMGAR SANGH.

An Extra Special Meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh will be held in the office of the Sangh to-day (Monday) at 7-0 p.m.

RADICALS' MEETING TO SUPPORT THE STRIKE.

Under the auspices of the Bombay League of Radical Congressmen a public meeting will be held, to-day (Monday) at 6 p.m. Near Prince's Dock Wadi Bunder to support the Bombay Textile Strike and to protest against the arrest of Messrs. Jaiprakash Narain, Dange and others. Mr. Karnik, Dr. Shetty, Mrs. Maniben Mulji, Mr. Pande and others will address the meeting.

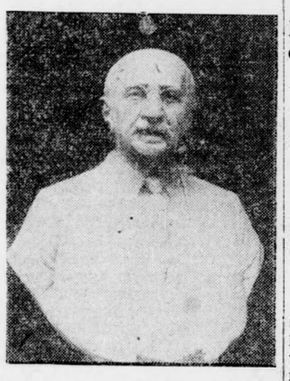
Radical Congressmen's Support To Textile Workers

A resolution congratulating the Textile workers of Bombay on their brave struggle, condemning the prohibitory orders of the Police Commissioner, and demanding the immediate release of the arrested labour leaders of Bombay, was passed at a citizens' meeting at Chaupati on Saturday evening. The meeting was held under the joint auspices of the League of Radical Congressmen and Bombay Tailors' Union and was presided over by Mr. V. B. Karnik.

By another resolution the meeting supported the Demand of the Bombay Tailors' Union for 25 per cent. dearness allowance.

Mr. Karnik speaking on the first resolution appealed to the public to help the Textile workers in their unequal struggle as the milllowners were trying to starve them into submission, while the Government was trying to break up the strike by arresting the strike leaders, in effect if not in intent.

Other speakers were Mr. Nazratulla Abbasi, Mr. B. V. Marathe and Mr. Gavade.



Marble Bust of Sir Phiroze Sethna made by Mr. B. V. Talim which was unveiled at the Central Bank of India building last week.

Ayurvedic Hospital At Panvel

Dr. Mrs. Gilder Opens New Building: Dr. Jivraj Mehta's Speech

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In the absence of Dr. M. D. D. Gilder who was to have opened the Dhootapapeshwar Ayurvedic Hospital at Panvel on Sunday evening his wife Dr. Mrs. Gilder opened it and the gathering was addressed by Dr. Jivraj Mehta on his behalf. Dr. Gilder was suddenly called away to Junnagad on professional business and could not fulfil the engagement.

Mr. Nanasaheb Puranik, who has created a trust of Rs. 1,25,000 to run the Ayurveda Vidyalaya and Hospital, welcomed the guests in a suitable speech.

Dr. Bhatavdekar proposed Dr. Mrs. Gilder to the chair and Mr. V. N. Vedak seconded the proposal.

Mr. Konkar Shastri, Principal of the Vidyalaya traced the work of the Dhutapapeshwar institution for the last 70 years and of the Vidyalaya since 1933, the Government of Bombay had given grants of Rs. 4,000 to it.

After Dr. Mrs. Gilder had declared the Ayurvedic Hospital building opened Dr. Bhadkamkar, President of the Indian Medical Board, appointed by the Congress Government to formulate Ayurvedic and Yunani courses of studies spoke on the necessity of study and research of Ayurveda.

Dr. Jivraj Mehta said he did not think that he had claims to say whether the Ayurvedic or the Appopathic or the Unani system of medicine was the best. He knew for certain that truth was one and all scientific and medical inquiry in a spirit of search after truth would decide what was best. There were good point about Ayurveda and Unani but they must not be dogmatic about them and test them by modern methods. He was in favour of supplementing all ancient love by modern knowledge of arts and sciences.

After 'Vande Mataram' and light refreshments the gathering dispersed at about 8-30 p.m.

Lady Volunteers' Guard of Honour to Mahatma Gandhi on his arrival at Ramgarh.

Helpless Hindu Girls' Home

Maharaja Of Baroda Donates Rs. 5,000 While Laying Foundation Stone

"Our Society has to adapt itself to changed conditions and the laws relating to marriage and divorce and the legal rights of women need to be liberalised".

Thus declared His Highness, the Maharaja of Baroda, while laying the foundation stone of the Destitute Girl Students Home, on Sunday evening.

The Rt. Hon. M. R. Jayakar, President of the Hindu Women's Rescue Home Society thanked His Highness for taking interest in the Society. The building of the Society was beautiful to look at, but it housed children, who might be regarded as the very epitome of the social tragedy of Hindu Family life. The new building was being built to house those girls, who were destitute but who had not fallen from virtue. He appealed to the public for lending financial support to the Society.

His Highness, in the course of his speech, commended the work of the Society. The social system was partly responsible for the fact that so many women were rendered destitute, he said.

In conclusion His Highness announced his decision to give a donation of Rs. 5,000 to the Society.

BOMBAY MOTOR VEHICLES RULES, 1940

Objections And Suggestions Invited

The Secretary, the Bombay Provincial Motor Union, in the course of a statement says:—

The Bombay Government has published the draft of the Bombay Motor Vehicles Rules 1940, in the Extraordinary Gazette of March 2, inviting the persons likely to be affected thereby to submit suggestions and objections before March 18. The said rules shall come into force on April 1st, and therefore it is requested that all the persons, Motor Owners, Dealers, Public Service Owners, (Passenger, Goods, or Taxi) Drivers, and others interested in the Motor Trade and Transport industry, should wake up in time and after studying the said Rules, submit suggestions directly to the Government or to the Secretary, Provincial Motor Union Congress, Jan Mansion, Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Bombay by March 14, for being considered by a Committee under the Presidentship of Mr. K. F. Nariman, M.L.A., President of All-India Motor Union Congress, before submitting those objections to the Government.

MOTORISTS PAY LESS TO-DAY.

The importance of cost analysis and control resulting in greater product value in the motor car industry, principally through improved methods of manufacture, development of new materials and the maintenance of high volume was emphasized by Mr. D. E. Williams, Controller of the Buick Division of General Motors Corporation, speaking before a meeting at New York of the National Association of Cost Accountants.

The speaker traced the price history of motor cars over the past 15 years to show that while the cost of cars to the consumer has steadily gone down, value of the product in terms of engineering, style, quality of materials as well as quantity, has gone steadily up.

SHRIMATI RUKMINI DEVI IN BOMBAY

(From A Correspondent.)

Far from the din and strife of men, nestling amidst far-flung banyan trees, and embowering foliage, on the bank of Adyar, jus losing itself into the surging sea at Madras, Kalashetra—The International Arts centre stands for the revival, cultivation and dissemination of fine arts such as Bharatha Natya, Folk dance, vocal and instrumental music, stage-drama, etc. Kalakshetra is at once Rukmini Devi's creation and the realisation of a dream. General direction is in the able hands of Mr. Alex More assisted by an expert staff.

Shrimati Rukmini Devi, herself is a distinguished practical votary of dance and music in their purest unsophisticated forms. She is on a short sojourn in Bombay this week; her address on "India's culture and her future" to be delivered on Monday the 18th instant at 6-30 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge under the auspices of "Kalaniketan" will be of more than ordinary significance.

Mr. Madangopal

Mr. Madangopal, retired Dist. and Sessions Judge, died recently at Ajmere. He was a popular judicial officer in Rajputana and his death is widely mourned.

WANTED FUNDS AND VOLUNTEERS

Citizens' Strike Relief Committee's Appeal

BOMBAY, March 17.

The Bombay Citizens' Strike Relief Committee has issued an appeal earnestly requesting the citizens of Bombay to subscribe generously towards the Relief Fund.

The Committee also appeals to men and women in the city who are anxious to serve as volunteers for the collection of money for the Relief Fund to enlist themselves for this purpose immediately.—A. P.

Textile Workers' Letters To Nehru And Azad

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Girni Kamgar Union which is conducting the Textile Mill strike in the city is writing to Moulana Abul Kalam Azad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru acquainting them with the latest developments and enlisting their interest in the situation.—A. P.

SCHOLARSHIPS IN RESEARCH

House Of Tata's Make Fresh Endowment

BOMBAY, March 16.

The keen interest taken by the House of Tata in the progress of research studies in India by the grant of a large number of scholarships and institution of endowments for the prosecution of higher studies is further stressed by the announcement of invitation of applications for five scientific research scholarships of the value of Rs. 150/- each per month for the year 1940-41.

The scholarships are open to men and women and will be tenable for a period of 12 months commencing from July 1, 1940. Any of the scholarships may be extended for another year at the discretion of the trustees.

The conditions for applicants are that they must be of Indian nationality and graduates in medicine or science of a recognised University. The selected candidates must undertake to work whole-time and will be debarred from private practice.

The subject of scientific investigation which the candidates may select must have a bearing directly or indirectly on the alleviation of human suffering by disease.

Applicants must give a short resume on the subject indicating the present state of knowledge and details of the proposed research showing the methods intended to be employed, previous experience in the use of these methods and the experiments to be carried out.

The result of the selection will be announced on June 18.—A. P.

ALLEGED MURDER.

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, March 16.

Prabhakar Gopal Bulel, a local money-lender, who was arrested on suspicion early this month by the Thana Police Sub-Inspector, in connection with the alleged murder of a woman, has been let off it is understood, for want of evidence against him.

"COTTON-JUTE UNION FABRIC"

Preliminary Tests Give Excellent Results

NEW DELHI, Mar. 17.

Two of India's major industries have been able, as a result of trials and tests during the first six months of war, to combine in producing a new material, "Cotton-Jute union fabric", which will provide another outlet for two of her principal agricultural commodities, if preliminary successful tests are confirmed generally, states a Press Note issued by the Department of Supply, Government of India.

Preliminary tests with this cotton-jute union fabric gave excellent results and the first trial shipment, for big scale tests under actual service conditions, has already been made. A definite indication has been given by His Majesty's Government that in the event of these large scale tests proving as successful as the preliminary ones, there are prospects of early orders to the value of about Rs. 90,00,000.

This material is likely to prove eminently suitable for civil purposes also, which holds out prospects of a wider peace time use for both cotton and jute. This should be particularly welcome in view of the contraction that has taken place during recent years in certain foreign markets for these raw products of India.—United Press.

CARR'S NUMILK BISCUITS
ENERGISING AND SUSTAINING
The Biscuits to keep you fit

ONE SHOW ONLY
EXCELSIOR
TO-NIGHT ONLY!
AT 6-30 P.M.
THE MIGHTY
CHANG
in addition to the show that has amazed Bombay!
WILL ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE—
—from a wooden box built on the stage in full view of the audience —by members of the PUBLIC!

The "Box Mystery" has amazed audiences all over the world.
WILL HE SUCCEED IN HIS SENSATIONAL ESCAPE?
—NOTE—
(1) The timber and nails used in the manufacture of this box are displayed in the lobby of the theatre.
(2) The audience is invited to examine the same.
(3) Members of the audience will make the box on the stage to-night, and others will be invited as scrutineers.
(4) After the box is made Chang will be placed inside and the lid nailed down. The box will then be bound with rope.
(5) Chang will attempt to escape without damaging the box in any way and there will be no sign of his evasion.

Telephone No. 22037
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Registered No. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1940

THE WIDENING GULF

Between Tripuri and Ramgarh the gulf between India and Britain has suddenly widened a great deal more than it did in any one year before. This is due partly to the war and its repurcussions but mainly to Britain's tendency to regard the Congress demand of independence as mere bluff. Whatever the cause or causes, the fact is there and it is unmistakable. If any proofs are wanted, a glaring one is to be found in Gandhiji's recent reaction to the goal of independence. For many years he fought hard against breaking away from Britain. Later he reconciled himself to it, but in his letter to Mr. H.S. Polak written in 1937 he said that, speaking for himself, he would accept Dominion Status with the right to secede if it was offered immediately. But there was no immediate offer of anything even approaching it. So now the Mahatma feels constrained to say frankly: "So far as I am concerned I have changed. Experience since gained and matured reflection have led me to think that Dominion Status even of the Statute of Westminster variety cannot suit India's case." Many others have also changed. Even a Liberal like Dr. Paranjpye, President of the Liberal Federation, recently remarked: "No Indian can have any objection to the ultimate goal of independence." The "Indian Social Reformer", in its issue of the 9th instant said: "We welcome the definite statement of the Working Committee that Dominion Status is fundamentally unsuitable to India. This has been all along our view. This is so obvious that it is a surprise that anyone should think otherwise." Returning to the subject in its current issue, our contemporary states: "For years we have been almost alone in pointing out that Dominion Status was an etymological atrocity and a political absurdity to apply to India. At long last the National Congress, which had been playing with the substance of independence, has definitely declared itself against Dominion Status as unsuitable to India." Remarks like these are but a few straws which show which way the wind blows.

Equality, Not Domination

In these circumstances, when both Congress and Muslim League have made independence their goal, it is too late in the day for serious politicians to expect the country to hark back to the ideal of Dominion Status. It is said that this status is as good as independence. If so, where is the harm in demanding independence, a status to guarantee which for other nations Britain is prepared to fight? Moreover, the implications of Dominion Status are not yet quite clear. Some say that it definitely concedes the right of secession others say that it does not or rather that the question has not yet really arisen. But whatever may be the implications, India is not prepared to accept a status the exact nature of which is to be defined from time to time by Britain. Indeed, the question need not be seriously considered till Dominion Status is definately offerd, say, as an immediate stage in the advance towards independence. Those who still plead for Dominion Status assume that independence necessarily means hostility towards Britain. The assumption is quite wrong. As Gandhiji points out, India's struggle for independence "is not anti-British, it is anti-exploitation; anti-foreign-rule, not anti-foreigners." Pandit Jawaharlal, too, in supporting the draft resolution in the Subjects Committee, said that he was "not opposed to India having friendly connections with Great Britain because he was a firm believer that no country could afford to live in isolation in these days of international complications" But he rightly added that "such friendly relations can be only on the basis of equality and not on the basis of domination."

Wanted Self-Determination

It should also be noted that the Congress demand for independence, coupled with that for self-determination through a Constituent Assembly, implis that first a Constituent Assembly is to be convened on the basis of independence. It is open to the Assembly when so convened to decide finally what connection, India should have with Britain. As Gandhiji observes, India's choice "may be even Dominion Status, it may be less than independence or a modified form of it." The main point is that the final choice must be made by India alone without any interference by Britain. Gandhiji further elucidates the point saying:—"The Congress does not say, 'Give us Congressmen what we want'. It says to the rulers, 'Not you but the elected representatives of the nation should decide its fate' If such a reasonable proposition is circumvented, what should the Congress do?' Ramgarh will answer the question.

Deplorable Attitude

The Bombay millowners are in a recalcitrant mood. They have turned down not only the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee's suggestion for arbitration but also that of the Bombay Government to offer to give a war bonus to workers, if and when they make "large profits" on account of war conditions. They opposed the demand of the workers mainly on the plea that they were not actually making any appreciable profits and pointed to the huge stocks on hand. Government then asked if they would give a bonus when they made large profits, a most reasonable suggestion from the millowners' point of view. But the latter have refused to give any undertaking to give a bonus from profits. They contended that this was only an academic issue at present. That is a sad mistake. For if the undertaking could be given now, there was some chance of the workers lowering their demand in consideration of the undertaking. By refusing to give it, they have made an amicable settlement very difficult. And they are responsible for the consequences of the deadlock.

Roosevelt's Hint

In spite of the fact that his Envoy to Europe is still busy consulting belligerents for the basis of a negotiated peace and has not yet made his report, President Roosevelt has been ventilating his own view of international morality and, by inference, condemning aggression. He is not so vigorous as he used to be before the war, but he still feels able to declare that peace cannot be a sound peace "if small nations must live in fear of powerful neighbours" and that no peace can last "if its fruit is oppression, starvation, cruelty or human life dominated by armed camps" If he is thinking of the tragedies of Finland, Czechoslovakia, Austria, Albania and Abyssinia and if he is dropping a hint on behalf of the U. S. A. to Powers who have made aggression and oppression the instruments of their policy we welcome his announcement But by the way, what about dependencies, big and small, and colonies?

Present Impasse & The Way Out

By DR. BHAGAVAN DAS

II

Through terrible trials and tribulations, 'mankind' is being more and more rapidly driven towards a 'world-organisation,' a 'world-order,' a 'united states of the human world,' a 'federation of the world,' 'an organisation of the Human Race,' a 'world-wide social organisation,' 'universal social re-construction'. Such are the many phrases that thinkers and writers are inventing, to express the same single idea, in their endeavour to avoid monotonous repetition and say some thing fresh. In every country, to-day, there are some prominent thinkers who are expressing and advocating the idea. Socialism and communism, nazism and fascism, though seemingly antagonistic, are all attempts, more or less unsuccessful, in this same direction. To be successful, this world-wide Social Organisation of the Human Race, obviously, has to be founded on the permanent facts and laws of human nature; must provide Spiritual as well as Material Bread to all, adequately; must form part of a Universal Spirituo-Material Science (which, so far, some persons have been calling, and meaning, by the phrase, 'World-Religion' or 'Universal Religion'): which science will tell mankind the "Meaning of Life," will tell them "What is Life," and "What we should do with our lives," and "Why": and will show them how to make adequate and equitable distribution of the Dual Bread.

There cannot be, there will not be, any lasting 'peace on earth and goodwill among men,' until this has been brought about. And it is not 'a tall order,' not 'impossible idealism.'

★

The remedy, the principles of such organisation of the Human Race, are there, right under the eyes of the leaders of East and West. But the eyes of these leaders are closed. They have only to open and turn their eyes towards them.

(a) Some of us would suggest, with all due deference, to Mahatmaji, who has translated the "Bhagavad Gita" into Hindi, and has great faith in its teaching—we would suggest to him, to ponder again, very fully and carefully, the full significance of two of its lines.

Chatur-varnyam Maya srishtam
guna-karma-vibhagashah,
Karmani pra-vibhaktani svabhava-prabhavair gunaih.

("The All-Self, the Supreme Spirit, the Universal Principle of Life and Consciousness and Matter, has created four main vocational temperaments, by predominant characteristic, and four main corresponding appropriate vocations or functions in the life of the social organism.")

(b) To the new President-elect, learned in Arabic and Persian, we would suggest that he should similarly dwell on the significance of the Quranic words, 'ul-ul-ilm', 'ul-ul-amr', 'zurra,' and the word 'muzd-war' or 'muzdur'; also on what Allama Abul Fazl, the famous minister of Akbar, has written in the 'Muqaddamah' of his great work, 'Ain-i-Akbari'; Jahanian az chahar garoh burun na bashand; (1) ahl-i-qalam, (2) mabarizan, (3) peshawaran wa bazar-ganan, (4) kishawarzan wa barza-garan.

(c) To Zoroastrian leaders, we would recommend for consideration, the words of their scriptures; (1) horistaran, (2) nuristaran, (3) rozistaran, (4) soristaran.

(d) To the modern-educated, who do not care for Samskrit or Arabic or Persian, we would suggest, for deep consideration, the words, (1) the learned professions, (2) the executive professions, (3) the commercial professions, (4) the industrial professions.

(e) To the admirers of Russia—the words: (1) Workers (I-a, Intellectual), (2) Soldiers, (3) Peasants, (4) Workers (I-b, Manual).

(f) To the British statesmen and people: 'The four estates of the realm,' (1) the clergy, (2) the nobility, (3) the commons, (4) the workers or labourites.

(g) To the politicians, and thinkers in terms of 'power,' of all countries:—(1) science-power, (2) arms-power, (3) finance-power, (4) labour-power.

(h) To the peace-minded, who are sincerely desirous to organise the nations for peace rather than war: (1) the educators, (2) the protectors, (3) the feeders and clothers, (4) the little-skilled or unskilled helpers.

★

In these words are to be found (a) the principles of the natural and scientific four-fold social organisation for peace, of each people, each nation, the whole human race; and, therefore, (b) the secret of real, permanent, stable unity, of head and heart, interest and interest, nation and nation, race and race, religion and religion.

The detail of this: of how an equitable partition, (satisfying the temperamental and peculiar as well as general needs of all, so far as is humanly possible) can be made, of rights-and-duties, power-and-responsibilities, work-and-wages, labour-and-leisure, trouble-and-pleasure, necessities-comforts-luxuries; this is obviously not the place for expounding such detail. It has been done elsewhere, by the present writer. But Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, member of the Working Committee, highly talented and self-less public worker, equally gifted as eloquent speaker and fine writer, historian of the Congress, is in sympathy, (so the present writer has reason to believe), with those principles of the Ancient Indian Socialism, (indicated in the above quotations from the Gita, the Quran, the Ain-i-Akbari, the Zoroastrian Scriptures). If the Working Committee should care to spend time and thought on the subject, he will be able to help it to come to a decision, as to what the 'war aims' of the Congress itself should be, and how they should be published to the Indian

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 4)

Frankly Speaking

Soviet-Japanese "Incident"

According to the official Japanese Domei Agency, an "incident" occurred a few days ago on the border between Japanese and Russian Sakhalin involving firing between Soviet soldiers and Japanese policemen and that Tokyo has lodged a vigorous protest with the Soviet. Who is actually responsible for the trouble is, of course, yet to be known. But, coupled with the recent announcement by Admiral Yonai of Japan's anti-Comintern policy, it points to the beginning of a fresh recrudescence of "incidents" between Japan and Russia which had subsided some months ago and had given place to trade and political negotiations. And we are inclined to welcome it. It will relieve to some extent Japan's military pressure on China and it will also otherwise help the latter by obviating the danger of a Soviet-Japannese understanding.

Nazis And South-East

Reports of a plan concerning a German-Hungarian-Russian guarantee to Rumania are not exactly propagandist and unfounded. A Fascist paper, the *Poplo di Roma*, refers to it and also adds that "it is undoubtedly endorsed by Moscow". Situated as Rumania is and since the only two countries that threaten her are Germany and Russia, she is not likely to decline the guarantee. But she will, of course, have to pay for the security which will be promised to her. The nature of that payment has already been alluded to by Herr Wohlat, Marshal Goering's Economic Adviser, when he hinted the other day at a drastic reorganisation of German-Rumanian economic relations. In other words Rumania will become the supplier in chief of grain and petroleum to Germany. This will be a great and vital gain to the Nazis, as great as the end of the Russo-Finnish war which secures to them the continued supply of Swedish ore.

Italy's Position

It is also significant that Italy approves of and defends this Russo-German move, and the *Poplo di Italia* expresses gratification that "If the plan is carried out—and it is undoubtedly endorsed by Moscow—General Weygand's plans (in the Middle and Near East) run the risk of ending in failure and war will remove immovable along the Rhine". Italy has always been opposed to any extension of the war. But, of late, she has been giving pointed and repeated demonstrations of solidarity with Germany even to the extent of supporting Russia. And, incidentally, it is particularly notworthy that the German Ambassador attended the conversations between Mr. Summer Welles and Count Ciano.

Creating A Crisis?

Government have arrested three more prominent Labour leaders under the Defence of India Act, Messrs. S. V. Parulekar, S. V. Deshpande and S. V. Ghate. Whether the Government of India or the Government of Bombay have taken the initiative in the matter, neither can be congratulated on what seems to be a drive against leaders believed to be communists. The manner of proceeding against them is particularly objectionable, for they will not have a judicial trial. And as Gandhiji remarks with regard to the action against Mr. Jaiprakash Narayan, if "the artificial sections of the Defence of India Act are to be inspanned for catching inconvenient persons, then any persons whom the authorities want can be easily brought within the law",—if the Defence of India Act can be appropriately called the Law of the land. Are Government creating a crisis in order to find an occasion to deal sternly with it?

Not Justice

In ordering the name of Mr. K. D. Bhashyam, a leading advocate and Congress leader of Mysore, to be struck off the rolls of Advocates, thereby debarring him from practising anywhere in the State, the Chief Justice of the Mysore High Court has, we regret to have to say, far exceeded the needs of justice. The case against Mr. Bhashyam was that he had been convicted for disobeying a magisterial order and the Chief Justice holds not only that he had committed a technical offence under the Legal Practicioneers' Act but that his offence amounts to "a defect in character which disentitles him to be a member of the legal profession". This is, to our mind, a sad misinterpretation of the spirit, if not also the letter, of the Legal Practitioner's Act. Many eminent lawyers in almost all the provinces of India have deliberately offered civil disobedience but that has not been regarded by the courts as proving a defect in character disentitling them to practise in a court.

Whither Minorities?

(By The Hon. Mr. M. N. Dalal)

I

A book entitled "Whither Minorities?" by the Hon. Mr. Maneckji Nadirshah Dalal, who is a Congress member of the Council of State, will be published in the third week of this month. We propose to publish a few extracts from this book. The following is the first instalment:—

The problem of Minorities, as we face it to-day all over the world, is largely artificial, arbitrary, and transitory. It is artificial, because, there is nothing intrinsic in the position and working of the peoples calling themselves Minorities in a country, which must make it impossible for them to find equal work and employment, or self-expression and self-realisation open to the other citizens of the same country. Nor is it really impossible for them to obtain power and influence, in proportion to their ability, in the people they live with, unless, of course, they choose to remain in an exclusive compartment of their own. Impediments may, no doubt, be placed in their way; and conditions of life may be made more difficult for them than for others, because of the excessive zeal of the majority to assert themselves, and to monopolise for themselves the best of profit or power. This it must be admitted is the inevitable concomitant of modern, aggressive nationalism, and renders hateful the very name of patriotism to all those who desire the liberty, equality and brotherhood of all human beings, irrespective of race, of religion, country or culture. Even democracy as a form of government in such countries becomes unwelcomed and unwanted not because it is a weapon in the hands of the majority against the tyranny of a monarch or the exploitation by an oligarchy, but because is appears in the guise of an instrument of exclusion and oppression by the numerically strong over the numerically weak. This offends our sense of chivalry as much as the code of ethics; and, as such, every thoughtful mind becomes engaged in the search for remedies against such an impossible situation.

* * * *

The principle of Nationalism, asserted even against citizens of one and the same country, in the name of the superiority of one race, one religion, or one culture over another, may, logically applied, result in a smaller and smaller number of people whose supremacy must be accepted. It may lead to Plato's philosopher-King; more likely, in the Nazi autarchy. This would bring about its own extinction by its very excesses. For, if the country is different from the rest of numanity, and, therefore, from other countries, the several parts of the country may feel a sense of difference as between themselves the several classes of sections, may also generate a feeling of difference. This process of mutual internal opposition, would reduce the sense of solidarity to such a degree as to make the country's machinery of Government unworkable. Taking a somewhat judicrous example, this would mean that in the United States the supremacy of the White race would have to be accepted over all others; among the Whites, that of the Nordic, or Teutonic over the Latin; amongst the Nordic, that of the Anglo-Savon; amongst the Anglo-Saxon that of the New England people; amongst them, that of the Massachusetts, and particularly those educated at Harvard; and amongst these the direct descendents of the Cabots and the Lowells, who are in possession of incomes over a million dollars a year apiece. All others must acknowledge their lordship, prostrate themselves before their wisdom, and be content to be ruled by their power and influence. This needs but to be stated to be proved impossible.

* * * *

The problem of the Minority is

(Continued on page 9, col. 5)

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Some feminine complexions are complex.

Too many friends in need will keep an easy man broke.

A woman doesn't want to be unreasonable, but she simply can't help it.

Some men manage to keep from being imposed upon by being disagreeable.

Some men are born small, some shrink and some others never find out how small they really are.

The race is not always to the swift; it often depends on the character of the man in the judge's stand.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

We are building our form of Socialism, the Russians theirs; but in our fight against the democratic capitalistic world we are at one. The advantage for the future which each partner will derive from the association is a guarantee of its permanency and reliablity. Anyone with any perspicacity can see that Germany's approach to Russia is no passing phenomenon, but a fundamental development of immense and historic importance.
—Colonel von Niedermayer in an article in the organ of the Germal General Staff.

* * * *

In the first general meeting held the other day, the new Bengal P. C. C.

"Condemned the growth of fascist tendencies in the life of Bengal as they tended to undermine the idea of Civil liberties, the freedom of the Press and platform. It deplored all attempts at organising boycott of certain newspapers and rescinded the resolution of the Executive Committee of the B. P. C. C. on the 27th ultimo for the boycott of a Bengali Daily."

No wonder, Deshgaurab Subhas Chandra Bose, the eminent leader of LEFTISM (capitals please) cannot abide this Committee.

* * * *

Said Sir Jagdish Prasad, Member Viceroy's Executive Council, at the Delhi University convocation: "Let there be no heedless rushing into political battle."

Does he suggest to "the youth of this country" the desirability of cool and deliberate rushing into political battle?

* * * *

"No danger of Red invasion" says a headline to the views recently expressed by an Afghan diplomat.

We are, however, only partially relieved. His Highness the Jam Sahib of Nawanagar, although in a friendly way, threatens a yellow invasion.

* * * *

"British connection must be retained", urges Sjt. C. Vijayaraghavachariar, a respected ex-President of the Congress.

No one has ever proposed breaking off diplomatic relations with Britain.

* * * *

Mahatma Gandhi declares that he expects to have many more meetings with the Viceroy.

To make the existing assurance that Lord Linlithgow will not forget doubly sure, Mr. Jinnah must thunder forth the same expectation from Lahore.

* * * *

Khan Bahadur Allabux, says a Karachi report, proposes to fly to Ramgarh.

He ought to be closely pursued by Messrs. Bundeali and Khuhru. But let us hope there will be no dog fights in the air.

* * * *

By the way, "who," asks the Junior Colleague," will fly to Lahore to meet the Muslim League High Command?

So far as we can see, there doesn't seem to be any one, the Muslim League Party of Mr. Khuhru having decided to seek comfort and accommodation in a Nationalist group.

* * * *

WHAT RAMGARH EXPECTS OF INDIAN PEOPLE.
—Headline.

To do their duty—Deshgaurabs and Qaid-e-Azams permitting.

* * * *

In a message to the Czech "President" Hacha, Herr Hitler says: "I hope and shall succeed in sparing this part of the Reich from the horrors of war."

Are the horrors of Nazi peace more than enough for Czech even according to Hitler?

* * * *

According to Sir Archibald Sinclair, "acquiescence of Sweden and Norway in the fate of Finland was a triumph of evil force over moral weakness".

Exactly exactly. Like the acquiescence of Britain and France in the fate of Manchukuo, Abyssinia, Austria, Spain and Czecho-Slovakia.

* * * *

'They say you married your wife because her aunt left her a fortune.'

'That's not so! I'd have married her no matter who left it to her!'

Civilian Victims Of Nazi Raid On Britain

Minor Damage To Warship At Scapa Flow

LONDON, March 17.

Germans carried out an air-raid yesterday on Scapa Flow.

A considerable number of bombs were dropped.

One hit a British warship which sustained minor damage.

Bombs were also dropped on land, but no military objective was hit.

One enemy aircraft was shot down and others are believed to have been damaged.

Minor Damage To Warship

An Admiralty Commnique at 11.38 G.M.T. says: "At 19.15 on Saturday, German aircraft made a raid on the fleet anchorage at Scapa Flow. About fourteen enemy aircraft reached their objective. A considerable number of bombs were dropped, one hitting a warship which sustained only minor damage.

One civilian was killed and seven wounded, including two women in the village "Bridge of Waith" and five cottages were damaged. There were seven casualties to naval personnel. One enemy aircraft was shot down.

Two German machines are reported to have been damaged and it is believed that one would be unable to return to the base.

ONE GERMAN PLANE CRASHES

COPENHAGEN:—A German military plane crashed after midnight on the island of Lolland. The crew of two are believed to have escaped by parachute.

Casualty In Orkney Islands

The first civilian casualty of war in Orkney Islands, if not in British Isles occurred during the raid on Scapa Flow. A man residing near the civil aerodrome at Stormness was killed by a high explosive bomb, while standing within the doorway of his home watching tracer bullets and anti aircraft shell-bursts.

Vessels Escape Damage

ABERDEEN, March 17.

The collier "Redhall" and three trawlers were attacked by German planes off north-east Scotland this morning. The vessels escaped damage and no one was injured.

Italian 'Plane Crash

ROME:—A commercial plane on Milan-Tripoli service crashed at Stromboli. Ten passengers and four crew were killed.—Reuter.

LONDON:—The War Office announces:—"Owing to unforeseen delay, the men coming home on leave from the B. E. F. have been temporarily retarded. Normal leave will be resumed as early as possible.

I.R.A. BOMB?

The roar of an exploding bomb followed by a shower of glass awakened A.R.P. Telephone girls sleeping in a hut behind Paddington Town Hall to-day. They thought that German raiders had arrived. It is believed that the bomb was due to I.R.A. activities. None was injured and the damage was confined to the windows.

AMSTERDAM, March 16.

The Dutch naval authorities have advised all shipping companies by telegram to suspend sailings until further notice, according to the newspaper 'Telegraaf', which adds that the advice is said to be due to the dangers now threatening shipping on the normal route to England. This advice applies only to shipping at Flushing. The advice followed reports that three more ships were sunk in the neighbourhood, one of which was a British vessel, the "Melrose".

TWO BRITISH TRAWLER SUNK

LONDON, March 16.

The Admiralty announces the following:—

His Majesty's trawler, the "Maida", has been sunk by enemy mine. The commanding officer and five ratings are missing and feared to be lost.

His Majesty's trawler "Peridot" sank on 15th March, as a result of striking an enemy mine. There were no casualties.

YUGOSLAV BOAT SINKS

The Yugoslav steamer "Slava" (4,500 tons) sank in the British Channel. All the crew were saved, except a fireman who returned to the Forecastle to get his money and belongings.

1,000 'Adibasis' Greet Gandhiji

MUZAHARPURI, Mar. 17.

About 1,000 "Adibasis", carrying national flags and singing native songs, came on foot from Ranchi to greet Gandhiji.—United Press.

Champion Of Zionism Dead

Samuel Untermeyer Who Counteracted Nazi Propaganda In America

PALM SPRING (California), March 17.

The eminent lawyer Mr. Samuel Untermeyer died aged 81. He was President of the "Non-sectarian anti-Nazi League to champion human rights" which is engaged in counteracting Nazi propaganda in the United States and has organised a boycott of German goods.

Mr. Untermeyer was known internationally as a champion of Zionism.—Reuter.

NAZI BID FOR RUMANIAN OIL

AMSTERDAM, March 16.

Reuter learns from neutral sources in Berlin that the Nazis are making great efforts to bring the volume of German Rumanian trade to the level fixed in last year's agreement.

Work on improving the water ways between the two countries is proceeding with feverish haste.

All available men and machinery from the army are being utilised. Great pumps have been set up along the railway lines at the Polish frontier for pumping oil from Rumanian to German trucks owing to difference in the railway guage.—Reuter.

CHANG'S NEW ACT

The Mighty Chang will attempt something to-night that will amaze Bombay yet further. Timber, nails and everything required for a strong wooden box will be inspected by the audience, who will then supervise and construct the box themselves in full view of the auditorium. When the sides and bottom have been built, Chang will himself be thoroughly searched and get inside the box, which will be then nailed down and roped by the said members of the audience. To make certain there is no collapsible bottom and trap door arrangement, the box will be placed on trustees and to insure that Chang is still inside a hole will be drilled in the side through which he will put his finger. And then in full view of all Chang expects to get out of the box within a minute.

Essentials Of Lasting Peace

Roosevelt On "Moral Basis"

WASHINGTON, March 16.

The world was seeking "a moral basis for peace", declared President Roosevelt, broadcasting in connection with the Foreign Mission Conference of North America, but peace could not be a sound peace "if small nations must live in fear of powerful neighbours." No peace could last "if its fruit is oppression, starvation, cruelty or human life dominated by armed camps".—Reuter.

"Vicious Propaganda"

WASHINGTON, March 16

Officials are incensed at the German reports alleging that Mr. Kennedy, Ambassador in London told the State Department that the relations between himself and the British Government had become strained. The German reports attribute the information to unnamed sources in Amsterdam. An information from official sources in Washington clearly indicts that Mr. Kennedy's relations with British officials remain excellent. Some Washington officials describe the German reports as "vicious propaganda", while Mr. Cordell Hull lost no time in "jumping on these reports with both feet."—Reuter.

Protest To Britain By 21 American Republics

WASHINGTON, March 16

Twentyone American Republics have protested to Britain against the sinking of the "Wakama" in Brazilian waters. They have appealed to the belligerents to keep the war away from the American neutrality—Reuter.

Soviet-Finnish Treaty Signed

Finns Evacuating Territory

HELSINKI, March 17.

The Finnish-Soviet peace treaty has been signed.—Reuter.

FINNS CONTINUE GREAT TREK

10 Million Sterling Damage Done By Air Raids

HELSINKI, March 16.

Tens of thousands of sad-faced Finns continued the great trek from the ceded areas, some travelling by train, some by car and motor-bus and others by sleighs or on foot. The Finns are making herculean efforts to complete evacuation within the short time at their disposal.

10 MILLION STERLING

A leading insurance expert today estimated the damage done by air raids on Finland's cities was ten million sterling. Life is gradually returning to normal in most areas in the country and schools are to be reopened by April.

VOLUNTEERS BEING DISBANDED

LONDON. — Volunteers accepted for the British contingent of International Volunteer Force for Finland are now in the process of disbandment. A large number of volunteers have already been notified by the Finnish Aid Bureau that ratification of the peace Treaty renders their assistance no longer necessary.

POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION

HELSINKI.—M. Paasikivi is going to Moscow to settle outstanding questions including the exact delimitation of frontiers, opening of trade talks provided in the Treaty and re-establishment of economic relations.—Reuter.

FINLAND'S FATE AND ALLIES' ROLE

Help Given Too Little And Too Late: Sinclair's Broadcast

LONDON, March 16.

Acquiescence of Sweden and Norway in the fate of Poland was a triumph of evil force over moral weakness, declared Sir Archibald Sinclair broadcasting to-night.

He added. "It will be the duty of Parliament next week to consider how far, if at all, our own Government should be blamed for giving Finland too little help and giving it too late. However it may be, it is clear from the pronouncements of Finnish leaders themselves that the main responsibility for the tragic issue of the war rests upon the Governments of Sweden and Norway who bowed before the threats of German force and were intimidated by the German terror in Poland.

Sir Archibald Sinclair proceeded that behind the deceptive appearance of quietness lay the reality of a gigantic conflict. It was idle to say why not make peace now before great battles and bloodshed began. The answer was quite simple. The Nazi Government rested on and respected nothing but force.

"Peace with justice now was a downright dishonest slogan, because nobody could honestly believe that Hitler was interested in justice. He cares only for domination of Europe by force and if we were to sue for peace, he would dispense to Britain and France the same justice as he is giving to Czechs and Poles. If a man with Hitler's record has any interest in justice it can only be to escape it".—Reuter.

"GERMANY'S JUSTIFICATION"

Prevention Of Allied Intervention In S. Europe

ROME, March 16.

Germany has every reason to and prevent Allied intervention in Southern Europe and the Near East, says "Popolo di Roma", commenting on suggestions concerning a German-Russian-Hungarian guarantee to Rumania. "If the plan is carried out, and it is undoubtedly endorsed by Moscow General Weygand's plans run the risk of ending in failure, and war will remain immovable along the Rhine."—Reuter.

Mr. A. C. TURNER

NEW DELHI, March 17.

The Associated Press understands that Mr. A. C. Turner, I. C. S., Income Tax Commissioner, Bombay, has been appointed Joint Secretary of Finance Department, Government of India, in succession to Mr. K. Sanjiva Rao, who is taking over membership of the Federal Public Service Commission in May next.—A. P.

NAZI PLANS IN SWEDEN

Move To Rope Northern Countries In German Alliance

STOCKHOLM, March 17.

A period of diplomatic and political activity unprecedented in Northern countries has now begun. The following points emerge clearly:—

Firstly. Germany and Russia are seeking to exploit the anxieties of Northern countries to extend the hold upon them;

Secondly, the rights and wrongs of Soviet-Finnish settlement are proving so controversial that internal political situation in some Northern countries are likely to be affected.

It is widely believed here that Germany hopes to participate in a defensive alliance, which Finland has proposed to Norway and Sweden. The arrival of two Nazi officials in Stockholm during the week end is certainly connected with the present political situation.

Moreover, Germany is redoubling her propaganda efforts to persuade the Northern countries that Britain and France want to make a mattlefield of Scandinavia.

Germany hopes to persuade them that their salvation lies in entrusting themselves to German protection.

The Scandinavian attitude to German approaches may be expressed by the phrase "Preserve us from our friends."

Russia's efforts to extend her influence are less amiably regarded.—Reuter.

PLEA FOR LIBERTY AND TOLERATION

Dr. Pranjpye On Duty Of Rationalists

Dr. R. P. Pranjpye was the principal speaker at the annual dinner of the Rationalists Association of India held on Sunday at the Radio Club under the presidentship of Dr. C. L. D'Avoine. Dr. Pranjpye said that in India religion had too great an influence over the lives of the people and if this influence could be reduced the country would make greater progress in every field of national activity than it had done so. The growth and achievements of science had done much to demolish the influence of religion all the world over, but whatever science failed to prove, was accepted as the sphere of religion by those who sought to explain the unknown by an hypothesis.

In India, in the name of religion, they were asked to surrender their reason. But it was not merely in the sphere of religion that this tendency was observed. In politics, too, attempts were being made to impose uniformity of views as was the case in totalitarian countries. This state of things bode ill for the progress of the country and rationalists should be vigilant and fight for true liberty in all spheres of life and for toleration.

MADRAS MAYOR'S CAR

MADRAS, March 16.

A suit praying for an injunction to direct the Mayor of Madras to convene a special meeting of the Corporation to discuss the Mayor's action in using the Corporation car in connection with the recent Tamil Nadu Provincial Conference held at Athur, has beeen filed by a councillor, Mr. M. Damodaran Pillai, in the City Civil Court.

A requisition signed by the plaintiff and eleven other councillors for a special meeting to consider this subject, it is stated, has been sent to the Mayor but it was ruled out on the ground that it was ultra vires.

The suit has been posted for hearing to March 26.

Rajaji Thanks Indians In Malaya

MADRAS, March 16.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar in a message to Indians in Malaya for their contributions to the Congress House fund says:

"I have no words adequately to express my appreciation of the prompt and generous manner in which the patriotic Tamilians of Malaya and their friends from other lands have contributed towards the Congress House Fund. Those who have worked toward the collection of these funds in Malaya deserve the sincere thanks of Congressmen in Tamilnad."—A. P.

Jamsaheb At Rampur

RAMPUR, March 16

His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, Chancellor of the Princes Chamber, arrived here by car on his first visit to Rampur, where the Nawab received him.

The Jam Saheb visited the sugar factory, modern agricultural farm and industrial institutions.—A. P.

League's Bid For

Championship Of Minorities

Return Of Congress Ministries Visualised

RESOLUTIONS FOR LAHORE SESSION

PATNA, March 17.

A resolution seeking the establishment of a machinery whereby the social, political and civic rights of Musalmans and other minorities shall be definitely secured without necessitating the direct exercise of the Special Powers of Governors is intended to be moved by Mr. Shareef, at the forthcoming League session at Lahore.

This resolution, in its preamble, envisages the possibility of the return of Congress Ministries as a result of renewed negotiations between the British Government and the Congress and their functioning till the inauguration of a new constitution.

Another Bihar Delegate, Mr. Naimul Haque, M.L.A., has given notice of two resolutions. One warns the Muslims of India against attaching any importance to the appeal of Maulana Azad expressed in his Lahore statement to Musalmans to join the Congress who has forfeited the confidence of the Musalmans of India.

The other resolution seeks the establishment of arbitration boards to settle civil disputes arising between members of the Muslim League without reference to law courts.

Yet another resolution from Bihar is to be moved by Khan Bahadur Habeebur Rahman urging the All-India Muslim League to take steps immediately to seek and establish direct and intimate contact with all the Muslim Powers of the world.

The Bihar contingent for the Lahore League session is expected to be 350 strong and will include Sir Sultan Ahmed and Khan Bahadur S. M. Ismail.—A. P.

THREE LAKHS TO JOIN GENERAL STRIKE

(Continued from page 1

congratulated the workers on their determination, wished to convey a warning to Government that the arrests of Labour leaders would only add to the determination of workers not to yield until their demands were conceded.

Messrs. V. B. Karnik, Bokhari, Jambhekar and Shahid urged the workers in all the industries to make the hartal on Monday a complete success.

GENERAL STRIKE PROGRAMME.

Labour leaders are confident of a successful and peaceful strike to-day and are hopeful of the Co-operation of all sections of workers in Bombay.

The programme for the day includes peaceful picketing of mills and general picketing of other small industries in the city in favour of the hartal, ending in a mass rally at Kamgar Maidan at 5 p.m.

The Gumashta fraternity of the city are also likely to join the hartal. The Kurla workers are likely to follow suit. The Kurla Congress Committee is co-operating in the efforts.

RELIEF FUND COLLECTIONS.

The Ahmednagar Congress Committee has contributed Rs. 26 to the Strike Relief Fund, and the F. Ward District Congress Committee Rs. 25. Collections in the city at the Chowpatty meeting amounted to Rs. 16.

Iron Workers Get 12½ Per Cent Increase

The workers of the Dinshaw Iron Works, Mazagaon, got a 12 1|2 per cent increase as dearness allowance following negotiations between the management and Mr. K. N. Joglekar, Secretary of the Engineering Workers' Union (Lal Bavta).

Poona Supports Bombay Strike

POONA, (By Mail).

Resolutions expressing sympathy with the Bombay mill strikers and to render them financial help were passed to-day at a public meeting held at Shanivarwada, Mr. Popatlal Shah, President of the City Municipality, presiding.

The meeting also appointed a committee for the purpose, consisting of Mr. Tarkunde and Mr. Tilekar as secretaries and Messrs. S. M. Joshi, K. G. Limaye, S. M. More, president of the District Local Board, Dr. Gupte, Mr. R. R. Bhole and Mr. Janardan Kale as members.—A. P.

India's Reply To Br. Imperialism

(Continued from page 1.)

One thing has distressed me most namely, the events in Bengal, particularly because I have been closely connected with Bengal during the last many years. I have lived in Calcutta for fifteen years. I had my education in Calcutta. I also spent my early years as a lawyer in Bengal. I wish to acknowledge publicly that I have learnt much from Bengal. I have many friends there. It is my great misfortune that I have had to differ from some of my Bengal friends in a manner which I would have very much liked to have avoided if I could have done so consistently with my duty to the Congress."

Proceeding Babu Rajendra Prasad said that the work before the Congress was of paramount importance. It needed great courage and determination to solve the many problems facing the great national organisation.

FOLLOW LEGISLATURE METHOD.

"During the last few days, I have received notices of many resolutions without making it clear whether they are intended for the All India Congress Committee or the Subjects Committee. In ordinary course the All India Congress Committee office has printed them, but I would request members to establish a healthy convention by agreeing to refer all these resolutions to a Special Committee, set up by this House, before it converts itself into the Subjects Committee This practice is followed in the Legislatures."

Babu Rajendra Prasad in conclusion thanked the members once again for having extended co-operation to him in his work.

The House then passed the resolution moved by Pt. Nehru with acclamation.

ANNUAL REPORT ADOPTED.

Earlier the House adopted the minutes of the last meeting and the Annual Report presented by Mr. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress.

Azad Takes Charge

Babu Rajendra Prasad then garlanded Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the President-elect, amidst cheers and requested him to take over the charge of Presidentship.

In a short speech Maulana Azad said that the great honour they had done him by electing him President of the Congress carried with it tremendous responsibilities. "I have responded to this call as a matter of duty. I may not be strong enough to bear the great responsibility entrusted to me, but I am determined to do my duty. I look forward to your whole-hearted co-operation."

PATNA RESOLUTION.

Continuing Maulana Azad said that it had been the practice for some years now for the Working Committee to meet a few days before the Congress session and prepare the resolutions to be placed before the open session so that delegates would have time to study the resolutions carefully and understand their true implications. According to this practice the Working Committee met recently at Patna and had passed a resolution on the present political crisis in India.

"I have no doubt that this is most appropriate resolution that the Committee could have placed before you in the existing circumstances," he said.

A resolution condoling the death of Lala Shamlal of the Punjab was moved from the chair and passed, all members standing.

Babu Rajendra Prasad then moved the only resolution for the Congress session passed by the Working Committee at Patna.

Affront To Congress

The following is the full text of the resolution passed by the Congress Working Committee on March 1.

"This Congress having considered the grave and critical situation resulting from the war in Europe and British policy in regard to it approves of and endorses the resolutions passed and the action taken on the war situation by the A.I.C.C. and Working Committee. The Congress considers the declaration by the British Government of India as a belligerent country, without any reference to the people of India, and the exploitation of India's resources in this war, as an affront to them, which no self-respecting and freedom-loving people can accept or tolerate.

NO TRUCK WITH IMPERIALISM

"The recent pronouncements made on behalf of the British Government in regard to India demonstrate that Great Britain is carrying on the war fundamentally for Imperialist ends and for the preservation and strengthening of her Empire, which is based on the exploitation of the people of India, as well as of other Asiatic and African countries.

"Under these circumstances, it is clear that the Congress cannot in any way, directly or indirectly be party to the war, which means continuance and perpetuation of this exploitation. The Congress therefore strongly disapproves of Indian troops being made to fight for Great Britain and of the drain from India of men and material for the purpose of the war.

"Neither the recruiting nor the money raised in India can be considered to be voluntary contributions from India. Congressmen, and those under the Congress influence, cannot help in the prosecution of the war with men, money or material.

People Alone Can Mould Nation's Destiny

"The Congress hereby declares again that nothing short of Complete Independence can be accepted by the people of India. Indian freedom cannot exist within the orbit of Imperialism and Dominion Status or any other status within the Imperial structure is wholly inapplicable to India, is not in keeping with the dignity of a great nation, and would bind India in many ways to British politics and economic structure.

"The people of India alone can properly shape their own constitution and determine their relations to the other countries of the world, through a Constituent Assembly elected on the basis of adult sufferage.

FINAL SOLUTION

"The Congress is further of opinion that while it will always be ready, as it ever has been, to make every effort to secure communal harmony, no permanent solution is possible except through a Constituent Assembly, where the rights of all recognised minorities will be fully protected by agreement, as far as possible, between the elected representatives of various majority, and minority groups, or by arbitration if agreement is not reached on any point. Any alternative will lack finality. India's constitution must be based on Independence, Democracy and National Unity, and the Congress repudiate attempts to divide India or to split up her nationhood. The Congress has always aimed at a constitution where the fullest freedom and opportunities of development are guaranteed to the group and the individual, and social injustice yields place to a juster social order.

States' Problem

"The Congress cannot admit the right of the rulers of Indian States, or of foreign vested interests to come in the way of Indian freedom. Sovereignty in India must rest with the people whether in the States or the Provinces, and all other interests must be subordinated to their vital interests.

"The Congress holds that the difficulty raised in regard to the States is of British creation and it will not be satisfactorily solved unless the declaration of the Freedom of India from foreign rule is unequivocally made.

"Foreign interests, if they are not in conflict with the interests of the Indian people, will be protected.

Prepare For Direct Action

"The Congress withdrew the Ministries from the Provinces where the Congress had a majority in order to dissociate India from the war and to enforce the Congress determination to free India from foreign domination.

"This preliminary step must naturally be followed by Civil Disobedience, to which the Congress will unhesitatingly resort as soon as the Congress organisation is considered fit enough for the purpose, or in case circumstances so shape themselves as to precipitate a crisis.

"The Congress desire to draw the attention of Congressmen to Gandhiji's declaration that he can only undertake the responsibility of declaring Civil Disobedience, when he is satisfied that they are strictly observing discipline and are carrying out the constructive programme prescribed in the Independence Pledge.

IN SPIRIT OF SACRIFICE.

"The Congress seeks to represent and serve all classes and communities without distinction of race or religion, and the struggle for Indian Independence is for the freedom of the whole nation. Hence the Congress cherishes the hope that all classes and communities will take part in

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 1.)

Jawaharlal Speaks Out At A. I. C. C. Meeting

(Continued from Page 7.)

it. The Civil Disobedience is to evoke the spirit of sacrifice in the whole nation.

"The Congress hereby authorises the All India Congress Committee and, in the event of this being necessary, the Working Committee to take all steps to implement the resolution, as the Committee concerned may deem necessary."

War Crisis And Congress Decision

Babu Rajendra Prasad pointed out that the resolution had been before the members for over a fortnight now and had been before the members for over a platform. The resolution recorded the events of the past few months since Britain declared war and embodied the decision of the Working Committee on the existing situation.

Reviewing these events briefly Babu Rajendra Prasad said that shortly after the declaration of war by Britain and France, the Working Committee met and after a prolonged consideration of the situation arising out of the war passed a lengaty resolution. Briefly put, this resolution referred to Britain's declaration that they were entering the war for the protection of democracy and freedom, and asked if that was so what would be position of India. India had been declared a belligerent country without her knowledge. Indians realised that they were at war one morning from the newspapers whereas all the other countries of the British Empire had decided this question of entering this war of their own freewill and choice. In South Africa, for example, there was considerable difference of opinion on this subject and actually this situation had led to the resignation of one Ministry and coming into power of another, which decided by a free vote of the people's representatives to enter the war. But India, which had a population, which exceeded those of all other countries of the British Empire put together, was given no opportunity to express any opinion on this vital question.

India's Demand

In these circumstances the Working Committee wanted to know Britain's aims with reference to India. The Congress had repeatedly declared that they wanted complete independence, but the Working Committee did not ask Britain to confer Independence immediately but only for an assurance that this will be implemented immediately after the conclusion of the war.

Babu Rajendra Prasad added: "The Congress fully recognised the difficulties of British statesmen, when faced with a war, and so we only asked for an assurance that the Congress demand for Independence will be implemented as soon as possible after the conclusion of the war and in the meantime the Congress wanted such tangible acts on the part of the British Government as would enable India to be an independent country for all practical purposes and have full freedom to decide her part in the war."

Britain's Vague Reply

Babu Rajendra Prasad proceeded: "There were several statements on behalf of the British Government both here and in England in response to this resolution of the Working Committee. Their effect in brief was to make clear that declarations of British statesmen about Britain's aims to safeguard freedom and democracy was only confined to Europe and was not applicable to India.

"All these declarations in reply to the Congress demand were vague on specific issues raised by the Congress regarding India's status after the war."

"It was also clear that while they wanted to move by miles, British statesmen were prepared to let them march towards their (Congress) goal only by inches we wanted to be free like them. But Britishers, who have made supreme sacrifices and suffered for the sake of freedom, are not prepared to concede ours. We made it clear to them that we have no desire to injure Britain in any manner. All that we wanted was our Birthright of Freedom. *We want to rise not at anybody's cost, but if our rise means their fall, how can we help it?"* (Cheers).

Babu Rajendra Prasad proceeded to refer to the charge levelled against the Congress that they were embarrassing the Government by its demand for Independence at a time when Britain was engaged in a life and death struggle.

"How could anybody say this?" asked Babu Rajendra Prasad. "I doubt if even now Britain is faced with anything like what we have been living under for a century. They have been and are a free people, while we have been slaves in our country. In fact we are so much inured to our slavery that many of our people are not aware of it. So we could not surely be blamed if we asked for a thing that has been asked all along and has been long overdue."

Key To Communal Unity

Referring to the contention that differences among Indians prevented an advance being made Babu Rajendra Prasad declared that while no one would deny the existence of these differences, these could certainly not come in the way of their progress. "If Britain would concede our right for self-determination surely all these differences would disappear, but so long as Britain remained and held power, the differences would continue to exist.

ASSURANCE TO MINORITIES

"The Congress has made it clear that the future constitution would be framed not by the Congress alone but by representatives of all political parties and religious groups. The Congress has gone further and declared that the minorities can have their representatives elected for this purpose by separate electorates, though the Congress regards separate electorates as an evil. Further in case of any difference arising on the question or minorities rights, this can be referred to arbitration of Impartial third parties such as the International Body. It will be representatives of all the peoples of this country, irrespective of their religion and political affiliations, who will be deciding the future constitution of India and not this or that party. What better guarantees can the minorities have?"

Viceroy's Offer And Its Sequel

Mentioning the offer made by the Viceroy for the expansion of the Central Executive Council, Babu Rajendra Prasad said that this was not acceptable to them as members of the Executive Council would be merely heads of Departments and mere Advisers without any power.

These circumstances showed clearly Britain's unwillingness to accept India's demand for independence and led to the Working Committee's decision to withdraw the Ministries as they would not continue to function under such circumstances.

Satyagraha The Only Way

"In the circumstances we have before us only one way and that is the way of Satyagraha. But the launching of Satyagraha requires the fulfilment of certain conditions."

Proceeding Babu Rajendra Prasad referred to indiscipline within the Congress organisation and said: "We pass resolutions but we do not act upto them. This naturally makes us hesitate before taking any new definite and big step. We do not want Satyagrana on an individual basis nor do we want to launch any campaign in a haphazard manner. If at all we have to start a struggle, it should be on a mass scale and in a manner befitting a great organisation like the Congress."

WORKING COMMITTEE TO BE EMPOWERED

He emphasised the need for complete non-violence and said: "We are deciding by this resolution to give authority of launching any struggle to the new Working Committee, which will take the steps it may deem necessary or circumstances will demand. It will be the duty of all of us to prepare the people so that when the call comes we may not be found wanting."

JAWAHARLAL SPEAKS OUT

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru seconded the resolution.

He said that he would speak later and reply to the criticisms, which were likely to be made in the course of the debate. He would now make a few observations as he had been requested to do so by the Rashtrapathi. There had been considerable discussion on the question of a Constituent Assembly. The resolution before the House was plain enough. "Whatever kind of Constituent Assembly is contemplated, it must be clearly understood that it should be out of the orbit of British Imperialism. It may be a very difficult task to achieve. The point to consider is India's claim to decide her own fate, to decide what is good or bad for her, without any extraneous interference. Some critics claim that it is absurd to demand a Constituent Assembly uder the aegis of Britain. They insist that it should come out of the inherent strength of the nation. I agree, but there is nothing wrong in our agitating for a Constituent Assembly now and pressing our demand for convening of such a National Assembly. Whatever may be our difference in approach to this important question, nothing prevents us from declaring that we want a Constituent Assembly. Difficulties there are undoubtedly but we must face them. What will happen in a few months time we cannot say now.

"I know many people are opposed in India to a Constituent Assembly for their own reasons. For example, the Liberals oppose the idea because they are fundamentally opposed to the very idea of Complete Independence. There is nothing surprising in this, but it does surprise us that those who demand Independence for India should oppose our demand for a Constituent Assembly."

Third Party Must Step Aside

Continuing Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru said: "The Communal problem has been cited as an impediment in the way of convening a Constituent Assembly, but I am convinced that the so-called communal problem of India can never be solved so long as the third party, namely, the British, remained and continued to offer temptations."

Proceeding Pt. Nehru referred to Dominion Status and said that Dominion Status even of the Westminster variety is not a practicable proposition for India. "I am not opposed to India having friendly connections with Great Britain because I am a firm believer that no country can afford to live in isolation in these days of international complications, but such friendly relations can be only on the basis of equality and not on the basis of domination.

Conflict Inevitable

"Two important factors have to be taken into consideration in this respect. Firstly, the economic structure and secondly, foreign policy. Dominion Status even of Westminster variety will keep us under the British economic structure and British foreign policy to some extent. India can never agree to this because she can only enter into international relations with other countries on the basis of equality and independence.

"While I admit that there are difficulties in the way of our achieving this independence, I am not for a moment prepared to ask for the protection of the British sword to overcome such difficulties.

"I am convinced that Britain is not fighting to destroy Nazism or to save democracy, but only to further strengthen her own Imperialist interests.

"Therefore India cannot be a party to such a war."

In the circumstances, he said, a conflict in India was inevitable. Some, struggle, therefore, may become necessary. Whatever the nature of that struggle be, it would be on a mass scale and it would surpass all past movements in respect of its extent and magnitude. When that struggle will come I cannot say. That is for others to decide, BUT I CAN SAY THAT IT WILL MEAN MUCH MORE THAN MERE WAVING OF FLAGS AND SINGING OF NATIONAL SONGS. It will mean a much greater national effort and we will all have to make greater sacrifices and face greater sufferings than we have done in the past.

NEED OF DISCIPLINE

"I am surprised that people ask us to start immediately civil disobedience but I ask them why they are indulging in tall talks instead of starting direct action, if they have the courage to do so (Cheers). Unity and discipline are essential before we start any fight on a mass basis. Whoever wants to fight is at liberty to do so. Why don't they do it? But if we are to do it properly and march forward with confidence and strength, we must organise ourselves and ensure complete discipline and unity in our ranks

"I challenge those who are clamouring to start a fight to say what they have done to ensure complete unity and discipline.

"I want to know from them if they have thought of the grave implications of a new campaign. What is wanted to-day is a country-wide effort to create a national wave of strength and determination to win freedom. This is more urgently necessary to-day than launching a fight. ANYONE WHO OBSTRUCTS SUCH A NATIONAL EFFORT SHOULD BE REGARDED AS AN ENEMY OF THE CAUSE OF THE COUNTRY'S FIGHT FOR FREEDOM.

Br. Forces Our Hands

"We should launch a fight only after the country is fully prepared. Otherwise we will have to repent for our rash action and lack of foresight. Civil Disobedience may, however, become necessary because of the action of the British Government. We cannot take things lying down, if our hands are forced."

Pt. Nehru then referred to the arrest of Mr. Jaiprakash Narain and said that it was significant because it showed the real intentions of the British Government. Pt. Nehru also criticised the arrest of Communists.

TIME FOR ACTION.

Concluding Pt. Nehru said: "We are no longer going to pass a resolution expressing our anger. The cup of anger is full to the brim. The time has come for us to decide and take some action."

Azad Appeals To Members

Before adjourning the meeting Maulana Azad addressed the Committee and appealed to the members to conduct the discussion on the resolution in a manner which would be in keeping with the seriousness of the situation with which the Congress and the country were faced. The Working Committee had passed the resolution after most mature consideration and had presented to them this resolution which, they believed, was the best under the circumstances. He hoped, therefore, that all needless discussion would be avoided and members would concentrate themselves on the big issues before them and forget all other consideration. This was not the time for loose talk. Their discussion must reflect the seriousness of the situation. He was sure that the resolution would be passed without amendment. However, some amendments had been given notice of and more might be forthcoming. These would be accepted till 8 p.m. to-night.

Maulana Azad thereafter adjourned the meeting till 2-30 p.m. to-morrow when amendments would be moved.

Over 30 amendments to Dr. Rajendra Prasad's resolution on the political situation have been received.

NATIONAL DEMAND TO BE OFFICIALLY FORWARDED

The "United Press" special correspondent learns on good authority that the resolution on political situation and the war and the Congress demand for a Constituent Assembly, after its adoption by the Ramgarn Congress, will be officially forwarded to the Viceroy by the President of the Congress.

DEPARTURE FROM PRECEDENCE.

This will, however, be a departure from the historic precedence. In 1930 on March 5 it was Gandhiji who delivered a letter specifying Congress demands to the Viceroy in Delhi, through Mr. Reginald Reynolds young, one week before the famous dandi march.

In December, 1932, after his return from London also Gandhiji sent the official resolution of the Congress Working Committee to Lord Willingdon, then camping in Calcutta.

A MERE FORMALITY.

This time, it appears, the Viceroy would receive the text of the resolution from the Congress officially, and not through Mahatma Gandhi. This, however, would be a formality, because Gandhiji remains—and would remain for all practical purposes—the sole guide of the Congress destinies, specially during mass campaign.—United Press Special.

PROSPECTIVE CABINET

Reports current in the Congress Camp foreshadow a number of changes in the personnel of the Working Committee to be announced on March 21.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Acharya Kripalani, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu would continue, while Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru would, it is being said, once again take up the duties as General Secretary.

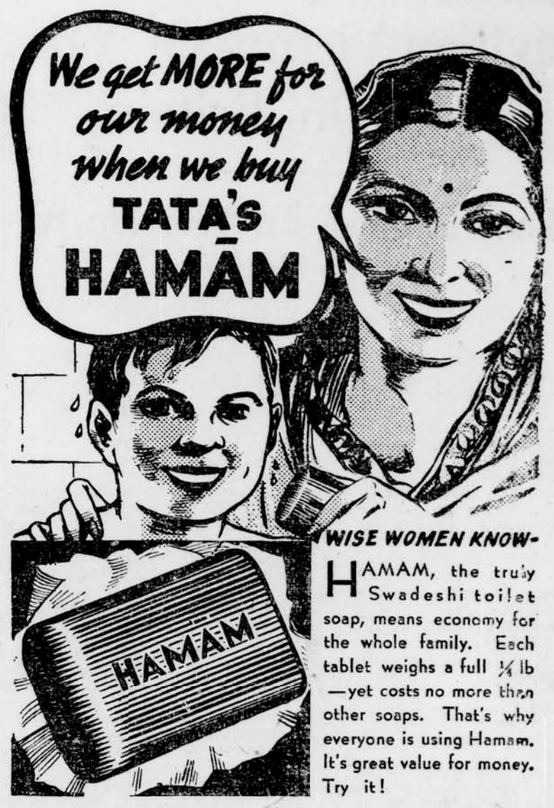
The new development expected relates to the increase in the number of Muslim members. Dr. Syed Mahmud, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai or Mr. Asaf Ali appear to be the probables. Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar is another certainty and probably Pandit Govindballab Pant would return as the possibility of their returning to office is receding further and further in the background.

From Bengal Dr. B. C. Roy is not a member of the All-India Congress Committee and Mr. Kironshanker Roy is being mentioned.—United Press Congress Special.

DR. MONTESSORI'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

MAZHARPURI (Ramgarh), March 17.

Dr. Maria Montessori, in a message to the Congress, requests it to take into consideration "the need for independence and freedom of great people of childhood, which can be achieved by humility and non-violence on the part of adults."



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MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Better Move or Somebody May Jump Him — By BUD FISHER

OH, YES, IN AFRICA WE HUNTED ELEPHANTS, TIGERS AND LIONS BUT MOST OF ALL I ENJOY HUNTING SUCH GAME AS GROUSE AND PHEASANT IN ENGLAND!
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POLICE & BRIJRAJ Y. M. DRAW

Lusitanian's Hearten Supporters By Return To Form

LUSITANIAN 2: POONA UNITED 0.
CITY POLICE 0: BRIJRAJ YOUNG MEN 0.

A fairly large gathering of hockey fans assembled to witness two more matches of the preliminary round of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament on Sunday afternoon.

In the early contest the Lusitanians, playing above their recent form, accounted for Poona United by two clear goals. Poona are flattered by the score. In the later game the Bombay City Police and Brijraj Young Men failed to clinch the issue, and despite extra time, closed with no score.

The match between the Lusitanians and Poona United produced a good standard of hockey with the defences generally giving a better account of themselves than the forwards. Most teams would have been disheartened when thoroughly out classed and the hopeless outlook of things, but not so Poona United. They fought back gamely. They had quite good men in their line of attack, but could not get through many combined efforts. This was mainly due to the good work of the Lusitanian half line. J. Pinto, P. de Souza and V. de Souza were on excellent behaviour on Sunday and were the good boys of the team.

The City Police the Brijraj Young Men served sixty plus ten minutes of pacy hockey. Both impressed in turn, and each time the spectators settled down to see one of the teams forge ahead, play would transfer and the danger was at the other end. The game alternated in this manner till time and then for a further ten minutes. Love all was a correct score, either side would have been unlucky to lose.

Stanley and Adams were in the limelight, they did their duty for the Police well. Chand and More were prominent among the Young Men. The latter carries a passenger, C. Patel.

POONA DEFEND.

Both sides attacked in turn. After three minutes the Lusitanians had some anxious moments—two chances of scoring were wasted by Poona United. The "Lusis" then came into the picture and Poona were hard pressed. If Norman Fernandes had steadied himself and shot accurately from a delightful pass from F. Fernandes the Lusitanians should have been one up in the eighth minute. Poona were now pinned to their half, and F. Fernandes took erratically another opening. The Lusitanian's, thanks to Almeida, lost another opportunity to go ahead by Bombay. Norman Fernandes had good caused to slosh the turf, when he missed a positive sitter, meeting a pass on the run, a few yards out, with only Gabriel in the goal, he mishit. There was only one team now, and they were the Lusitanians, but they could not do the all-important thing, score. It was love all at the break.

"LUSIS" SCORE.

The Lusitanians went across prettily from the bully-off, and just outside the circle N. Fernandes sent the ball into the centre of the "D", where A. Fernandes met it, and Gabriel in goal had no chance. The "Lusis" remained the better men, but Poona were trying to save the game, and managed to launch a number of dangerous raids.

Half-way through the half, after Norman Fernandes had missed his second sitter of the afternoon, A. Fernandes notched another point for the Lusitanians, a goal that should have been saved by Gabriel.

Stubborn defence by Shanker and Sheikh and some good goal-keeping by Gabriel were keeping the Lusitanians from increasing their tally, and the game closed with the Lusitanians two clear goals ahead.

The teams were:

LUSITANIANS: L. Pinto; W. Pereira and J. Fernandes, J Point, P. de Souza and V. de Souza; N. Fernandes, F. Fernandes, A. Fernandes, R. Almeida and M. Fichard.

POONA UNITED: D. Gabriel; Shanker and Sheikh; D. S. Telegu, John and Razzaq; Bala, Salvi, Jumman, Khan and Gulab.

CONTESTED GAME.

The Police got going early and the Brijraj Young Men were in difficulties. But in the fifty minute the Young Men launched a raid and Scott in the Police goal had to dive full length to the ground to intercept, and the same was lucky. The Brijraj Young Men remained in the Police half till mid-way through the period, when their opponents went over. Two penalty corners and a corner did not put the Police ahead. The Young Men were having a fairly hot time. Yet, two minutes before half-time they all but went ahead. More cleverly beat the Police backs, but Scott ran out correctly and kicked the ball off his stick. There was no score at half time.

The early minutes of the late period were in favour of the Young Men. A spell of Police pressure followed. Unhealthy tactics by the Young Men brought into the game plenty of whistle and warmth was inclined to creep in.

Five minutes before the close the Young Men were responsible for some determined efforts to clinch the issue and the Blue and Yellow shirts were worried to a degree, but held out.

EXTRA TIME.

The Young Men were at it again. The Police then went over Chintamn smartly saved a sparkling shot from Stanley.

In the first few seconds of the final five minutes Stanley engineered a great run through this ended in a penalty corner—an infringement brought relief. The Police returned and tried to force the issue to no purpose.

The teams were:—

BOMBAY CITY POLICE: Scott; Baboo and Hamid I; Shivaji, Adams and Hamid II; Aziz, Lazarus, Stanley, Rodriques and Abbas.

BRIJRAJ YOUNG MEN: Chintamb; Callian and Devle; Chand, Metallu and Kharath; C. Patel, Gaikwar, Salunke, More and Abboo.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Gymkhana Ground—5-30 p.m.—I.A.V.C. vs. 10th Bombay Battery, R. A.

Billiards

FREER WINS EASILY

MADRAS, March 17.

V. R. Freer of Madura beat P. Vijayaraghavau Shetti (S.I.A.A.) last evening by a margin of 374 points in a game of 1,000 in the billiards tournament conducted by the South Indian Athletic Association.

Freer's best breaks were 110, 65, and 56. The loser's best returns were 40, 37, 42 and 73.

Jam Saheb's Team Leads

In Delhi Tennis

NEW DELHI, March 17.

There was a large gathering at the Roshanara Club grounds this afternoon, when the International Club played a series of Tennis matches against His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar's side.

Mr. Raj Narain and the Jam Saheb captained the two respective teams. The latter is leading by three to one. The games were well-contested and high standard was reached particularly in the doubles match between Kukuljevic and Capt. Clarke and S. Singh and Harbans Dayal.

The following are the results:—

Kukuljevic beat P. L. Nanda (1 C) 6/0, 6/2.

K. S. Sammersinhji lost to Bharat Ram (1 C) 3/6, 5/7.

Kukuljevic and Capt. Clarke beat S. Singh and Harbans Dayal (1 C.) 6/6, 6/8, 6/8.

Ellmer and Sammersinhji beat Raj Narain and P. L. Nanda (1 C) 4/6, 6/4, 6/4.—A. P.

Inter-Railway Hockey

G. I. P. Win Railway Hockey Championship

M. & S. M. Go Down In Extra Time

The Great Indian Peninsular Railway earned hockey laureis on Sunday at New Delhi, when they defeated the Madras and Southern Mahrattta Railday in the final of the Inter-Railway Hockey Championship.

Win In Extra Time

Only one goal separated the teams, and the G. I. P. notched this solitary point in the early spell of extra time.

The M. and S. M. were unlucky to lose since they dominated both the second half and extra time. Their main weakness was in defence, although Starr at centre half, played tirelessly and was responsible for breaking up many attacking movements. Adie in goal played a clever and sound game, and brought off many fine saves.

In the first half the G. I. P. had the better of exchanges and play was rather one-sided, the M. and S. M. being forced to confine themselves to defence. The G. I. P. kept up heavy pressure throughout. Hakim and Gately initiated a movement, and passing between themselves took the ball into the M. and S. M. goal area. However the attack fizzled out.

Bocarro again worked out a movement and passed to Gately, who after a quick run hit into the goal. But Adie cleared without difficulty. Immediately afterwards a promising chance to score was presented to the G. I. P. Gately received the ball and worked past three defenders, but Adie, the Goalie, intercepted and broke the movement at the expense of a corner.

The G. I. P. continued to attack. Ismail and Hakim passed between themselves and Ismail sent across a long pass to Bocarro, but he failed to take advantage of it from close range. Soon afterwards the M. and S. M. made an attack through Satur and Rozario, who took the ball into the goal area. The G. I. P. defence intercepted but were penalised for "sticks," and a short corner was awarded against them. Immediately afterwards the M. and S. M. were awarded two corners, one shot and one long, but they failed to press home their chances.

Just before the close of the first half a real chance was offered to the G. I. P. Hakim and Gately worked up a movement and Gately after dodging several defenders, shot into the goal. Adie kicked out but the ball was still in the goal when Starr rushed in and cleared at the expense of a short corner. The teams crossed over with no score on the board.

On the resumption the M. and S. M. started promisingly and attacked through Jeffries, but the movement broke up against the stout defence of the G. I. P.

In the first half of extra time, the M. and S. M. were the first to attack and a short corner was awarded which proved unproductive. After two more vain attacks by M. and S. M. just before the close of the first half of extra time, the G. I. P. got their winning goal through Gately, who made a dashing effort and dodged the backs of the M. and S. M. to push ball into the goal (1/0).

On crossing over the M. and S. M. played hard for an equaliser but the G. I. P. continued to attack. A chance to add to their score was missed by Tellis who had an empty goal before him, Adie having collided with M. Bocarro, but he hit wide.

TEAMS.

G. I. P. RLY.:—A. R. Norris; P. Mills, H. Grostate; L. de Burgh, C. W. Marsh, E. Bocarro; J. Ismail, A. Hakim, W. Gately, M. Bocarro and Tellis.

M. and S. M. RLY.:—Adie; Blankley, R. Brooks; H. Scanlon, A. Starr, S. Wylde; F. Younger, C. D. Satur, L. Rozario, H. Jeffries and Mutharaj.

Umpires:—Mr. Tek Singh and Mr. Gian Singh.—A. P.

CALCUTTA RACES

CALCUTTA, March 16.

The following are the Calcutta race results:—

THE RUSELL HURDLE PLATE.

LUCIAN (Dr. M. C. O'Connor and Mr. G. W. Gemmell) 9/13, Brown 1
COVENANTER (Mr. F. C. J. Stuart) 11, Baker 2
OLD OAK (Mr. H. P. Podar) 9/4, Sharp 3
Ringsend (Mr. A. O. Brown) 10/1 Jackson 4
Ali ran.

Won by 1-1/2, 5, 1-1/4 lengths.
Time 2 mins. 44-4/5 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 80-8 for win, Rs. 22-8, Rs. 17-8 and Rs. 26-8 for places.
Bettings: 1-1/4 Covenanter 6/1 Ringsend 7/1 Beautiful Girl and King Moab 8/1 Propaganda and Old Oak 12/1 Lucian.

THE FINAL PLATE—(DIV. III.)

EXPUNGE (Mr. J. A. S. Walford) 9/4, Peacock 1
PRINCE HAZRAT (Mr. T. R. O. Tanner) 7/4, Sharp 2
DUTY TAX (Mr. J. G. Siewert) 8/13, Marland 3
Thornbury (Mr S. R. Varma) 8/8, Stead 4
Not run: Just A Lady.

Won by two, a short head, two lengths.
Time 1m. 42-2/5 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 73-8 for win, Rs. 27-8, Rs. 57 and Rs. 28-8 for places.
Betting: 4-1/2 Expunge 5/1 Sunny Mead 6/1 Philostrate and Thornbury 8/1 the Bahadur and Duty Tax, 10/1 High Society, Legumier, Winamaid, the Crank and Prince Hazrat 15/1 Tetramarte.

THE FIFTH CONSOLATION PLATE.

PERAMBULATOR (Sir Edward Benthall) 8/8, Carr 1
ADAM (Mr. A. H. C. Rostron) 8/0, Higson 2
SUN CLAD (Mr. Edgar) 9/7, Morley 3
Stormpetal (Mrs. W. L. Gregory) 7/7, Peacock 4
Not run: Overflow 7/10, Spotless 7/4, Little Maiden 704.

Won by a neck three-quarters and three lengths.
Time: 1m. 14-1/5 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 40 for win, Rs. 20, Rs. 24-8 and Rs. 20-8 for places.
Betting: 5/1 Perambulator and Stormpetal 5-1/2 Egyptian Ruler 8/1 Honey Bird and Low Tide 9/1 Sun Clad 10/1 Brent and Adam 12/1 Kopianna.

THE EMPIRE PLATE—DIV. II.

BORY OF THE HILLS (Mr. A. Curlander 7/10 Peacock 1
PETEE (Messrs. H. Edwards and Winsley Hill) 8/5, Ermer 2
THEOGUNDI (Mr. S. K. Bhatter) 8/10, Jones 3
Spotless (Mr. N. D. Bagree) 7/9, Baker 4
Not run: Overflow.

Won by: two and half, half and one lengths.
Time: 1m. 41 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 70 for win, Rs. 20, Rs. 33-8 and Rs. 14-8 for places.
Betting: 2-1/2 Theogundi 7/1 Rory of the Hills 8/1 Hilt and Petee Longer, odds the rest.

THE FINAL PLATE—DIV. I.

MOUNTAIN CRY (Messrs. Narsaria and Poddar) 8/7, Southey 1
GRINGO (Messrs. S. K. Bhatter and R. Chamria) 9/2, Jones ... 2
LOVELOCK (Mr. G. M. Mullick) 8/12, Scarlett 3
Lu Lu Mine (Mr. J. J. J. Decruz) 7/9, Higson 4
No run: Royal Warrant.

Won by: three-quarters, two and half lengths and a head.
Time: 1m. 42-1/5 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 201-8 for win, Rs. 53-8, Rs. 19-8 and Rs. 34-8 for places.
Betting: 1-1/2 Gringo, Five Ocean Flight and Happy Daughter 7/1 Imprint, Eight, Lovelock and Longer the rest.

THE EMPIRE PLATE—DIV. I.

WYNETTE (Mr. A. Gujadhur) 8/6, Morley 1
KYLES OF MINARD (Mrs. J. H. Goswell, Messrs. Siewert and Stone) 8/9, Southey 2
TEMPERANCE (Mr. and Mrs. P. S. O'Dowd) 8/12, Marland 3
Theodore (Mr. B. A. Basil) 8/6, Raffaele 4
Not run: Skylight and Honey Bird.

Won by: three-quarters, one and half and half lengths.
Time: 1m. 40-2/5 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 172-8 for win, Rs. 53, Rs. 67 and Rs. 23 for places.
Betting: 3/1 Philistine, 5/1 Black Currant, 6/1 Temperance and Dinkum Diamond 7/1 Wynette 8/1, Ramayana 11/1 and Kyles of Minard Longer the rest.

SIXTH CONSOLATION PLATE—DIV. I.

DUCKLING (Mr. C. H. Heape) 9/4, Jones 1
SON OF A WITCH (Mr. A. G. Brown) 8/0, Raffaele 2
MERRY CONCEIT (Mr. H. Edwards) 8/12, Ermer 3
Wild Vixen (Mrs. C. M. Steward) 8/3, Carr 4
Not run: Confident.

Tote paid: Rs. 42-8 for win, Rs. 17-8, Rs. 22 and Rs. 20-8 for places.
Betting: 2-1/2 Justice 3-1/2 Duckling 4-1/2 Merry Conceit 6/1 Wild Vixen and Son of a Witch 7/1 Homecrest 8/1 Royal Maundy.

FINAL PLATE—DIVISION II.

DESIROUS (Mrs. G. A. Arratoon) 8/13, Marland 1
ANSON (Messrs. K. Basu and F. W. A. Carpenter) 7/10, Baffaele 2
GAO (Messrs. H. Edwards and Winsley Hills) 9/4, Ermer 3
Lahore (Mr. J. C. Galstaum) 8/8 Stead 4
Not run: Happy Star.

Won by three lengths, one and quarter lengths, head.
Time 1m. 42-1/5 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 38 for win, Rs. 17-8, Rs. 28-8 and Rs. 34 for places.
Betting: 3/1 Desirous 6/1 Gao 7/1 Pat Ogan 8/1 Sycophant, Gold Standard, Second Lahore, Anson and Plain George longer odds rest.

SIXTH CONSOLATION PLATE—DIVISION II.

BORALMA (Mr. S. M. Ellahi) 8/2, Peacock 1
TOORAKIAN (Mrs. P. Davis) 7/12, Higson 2
SCOTCH JOHNY (Mrs. P. S. O'Dowd) 8/3, Carr 3
Tewina (Mr. S. R. Varma) 7/9, Stead 4
Not run Robin Adair.

Won by: three-quarters a head a neck.
Time: 1m. 15-2/5 Seconds.
Tote paid: Rs. 237-8 for win, Rs. 73, Rs. 40 and Rs. 35-8 for places.
Betting: 1-3/4 to One Cazique 4/1 Little Pattie and Tewina 6/1 The Heiress Boralma and Toorakian 7/1 Don Craft 8/1 Just A Lady, Scotch Johnny, Twelve Veece.

Double Tote 1|8 tickets Rs. 158 each ticket.

Treble Tote 12 tickets Rs. 2,583/8 each ticket.

Inter-Ry. Athletic Tournament Ends

NEW DELHI, March 16.

The 12th meeting of the Inter-Railway Athletic Tournament concluded, this evening, at the Irwin Amphitheatre. Lt.-Col. Carson, General Manager of the North-Western Railway, presided and Lady Clow gave away the prizes.

The North-Western Railway won the Willingdon Challenge Cup and the Junior Railways Challenge Cup was annexed by the Bikaner State Railway. The Championship Cup for the best individual performance went to K. W. Perrett of the Eastern Bengal Railway who created a new All-India record for throwing the hammer the distance being 135 feet 8-1/2 inches, which was exactly five feet better than the All-India record, recently created in Bombay. Rodrigues of the S. I. R., who holds the All-India record in 100-metre race was disqualified for taking a foul start.—A. P.

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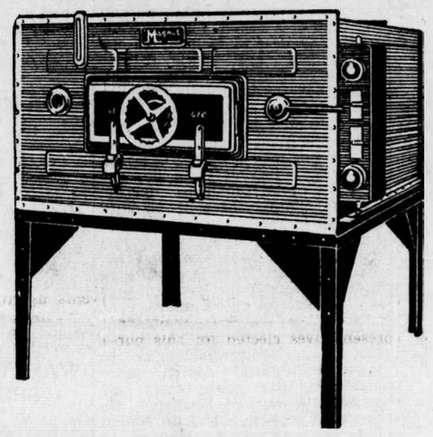

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WHITHER MINORITIES?

(Continued from page 6)

also arbitrary, inasmuch as no objective standards have been invented to indicate the comparative excellence of one culture, one religion, or one race, against another. This famous doctrine of racial superiority of one people over another rests only on mere assertions, despite attempts at giving it a scientific turn. Every race, and every form of culture, has contributed something to the richness of the human heritage. Every race has, also, mixed with, and every culture has borrowed from, others in the centuries during which they have flourished. To recognise this richness and this borrowing is only to understand the true working of the forces of human advancement. But the excessive emphasis laid by the votaries of a given faith, culture, or race, upon the excellence of their own peculiar birth, belief or heritage is apt to generate a corresponding reaction in favour of other religions, races or cultures This is bound to weaken solidarity, and generate a feeling of difference or division in the people, even when they live in the same area. This has no scientific, historical or objective basis until, if ever, we are able to find some reliable scientific touchstone, as regards the comparative merits of any race, religion, or culture; and are able to determine contribution, actual or potential, to the happiness of mankind. There is no race unmixed no culture uninfluenced, no religion unleavened, by the influence of others; and so to attempt to set up any one of these as dominant over all others would be to cut off at the source the streams of culture and civilisation, and even turn back the course of human progress

We consider the present day problem of Minorities to be also of a transitory nature, even though differences of religion are involved. If religion is eliminated from the scheme of social organisation, and if that organisation is converted entirely into a secular mechanism, leaving religion to be the private, intimate concern of each individual alone in which his fellows and neighbours need have no part, there is no reason why even Minorities based on Religion should be permanent, irremovable and of an unending character. The state is a secular institution; it is concerned only with the material well-being of the people. In that, religion should have no place.

The problem of Minorities, therefore, really consists only in a feeling that the people finding themselves in a minority, are fated to be for ever weak, just because of their being in a Minority; and due to the fact that they are impossible to be converted into a majority by any action of the community, or it representative, the State or its organ if action, the Government.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1940

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PAVING WAY FOR UNITY

Socialists To Fall In Line

Sequel To Talks With Azad: "Patna Resolution A Distinct Step Forward"

MUZAHARPURI, March 17.

THE "UNITED PRESS" UNDERSTANDS THAT THE SOCIALIST LEADERS HAVE TAKEN AN INFORMAL DECISION NOT TO MOVE ANY AMENDMENT TO THE OFFICIAL RESOLUTION.

THE DECISION FOLLOWED THEIR TALKS WITH MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD THIS MORNING BEFORE THE WORKING COMMITTEE COMMENCED ITS SITTING.

Distinct Step Forward

IT IS FURTHER UNDERSTOOD THAT THE SOCIALISTS HAVE COMMUNICATED TO THE CONGRESS PRESIDENT THEIR VIEW POINTS AS OUTLINED IN THEIR LUCKNOW STATEMENT, ENUMERATING THE SPECIFIC ITEMS FOR THE PROGRAMME OF CIVIL RESISTANCE.

THEY CONSIDER THE PATNA RESOLUTION AS A DISTINCT STEP FORWARD AND OPINE THAT RAMGARH SHOULD SPEAK WITH ONE VOICE.—UNITED PRESS SPECIAL.

'FORWARD BLOC' PLAN FOR KISAN NAGAR

Ultimatum To Be Given To Viceroy And Congress?

RAMGARH, March 16.

The Working Committee of the All-India Forward Bloc will meet on March 18 when, it is understood, the main resolution to be placed before the Anti-Compromise Conference will be the principal subject of discussion.

Mr. Niharendu Dutta Mazumdar, Bengal M.L.A., has sent notice of the resolution on behalf of the Bengal Labour Party, for immediately creating a nation-wide organisation providing the focal point of all struggles which will be fought under a centralised and collective leadership, and also providing the collective affiliation of workers, peasants and students.

The resolution calls for ensuring peace between India and her neighbours by agitating for pacts of non-aggression between India and her border States.

From all accounts the draft resolution will undergo amendment and will be forwarded to the Conference for adoption; and, as Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose visualises an immediate struggle, the Conference will give an ultimatum to the Congress High Command to launch a struggle and also to the Viceroy before starting the movement.—United Press Congress Special.

INDIA ON EDGE OF SUPREME CRISIS

Jawahar's Message To Congress 'Souvenir'

MAZHARPURI (Ramgarh), March 15.

The view that India stands on the edge of a supreme crisis and there is going to be no peace in India or the world unless a new social fabric emerges out of the dissolving structure of modern Capitalistic Imperialism is expressed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the course of a message to the Congress "Souvenir".

Pandit Nehru says: "In India it has become a trite saying for us to go on repeating that we stand at a crisis of our destiny. There have been so many crises. We live in an age of crises. Nevertheless who can doubt, we do stand on the edge of a supreme crisis? That crisis may be and is likely to be a prolonged one. It is at this stage of war and revolution and crisis that the Ramgarh Congress meets. In this age of Power politics, only strength tells in the end and neither the arguments of the Lawyer nor loud shouting carry us far unless behind them lies the strength of an organised nation. We see glimpses of that mighty strength in India. We see also disruptive forces trying to weaken that strength. Even the conception of Indian unity is challenged and our demand for Independence is made subject to all manner of reservations. We have to hold our anchor and stand fast by the essentials that have guided us so far—Indian unity, Indian independence, mass organisation and a peaceful way of struggle. We are clear enough about Indian Independence, but we have to be clearer about the social and economic goal. There is going to be no peace in in India or the world unless a new social failure emerges out of the dissolving structure of modern Capitalistic Imperialism. Let us keep that in mind and build for that so that hundreds of millions of our people may have the gates of opportunity opened to them and poverty and ignorance that have pursued them for generations past may be driven out from this fair land."—A. P.

CONGRESS HOLD ON INDIANS IN EAST AFRICA

A. I. C. C. Publications Have Record Sales There

RAMGARH, March 16.

Messages of goodwill wishing the Ramgarh Congress all success have so far been received from Mr. Rasbihari Ghosh wiring from Tokyo and the President of the East Africa Indian Association from Nairobi.

The latter wires: "The East African Indian Congress send greetings. Hopes and aspirations of Indians throughout the World centre on the success of your mission. A. I. C. C. publications' stall is doing record business. "Congress and War Crisis" selling at brisk rate, 20 copies per hour. A special feature is the heavy sale of Urdu translations of former well-known publications, for example, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya's 'History of Indian National Congress'.—A. P.

Preparations For Anti-Compromise Conference

KISAN NAGAR, March 16.

Mr. B. N. Dey, Chief Engineer of the Calcutta Corporation, arrived at Kisan Nagar and will be here until the session is over to look after water supply arrangement and other conveniences.

The Reception Committee has arranged for free accommodation for thousands of kisan marchers who are expected to arrive on March 18 and 19. A batch of 25 kisans arrived this afternoon on foot from Chapra covering a distance of over 200 miles. Sixty women delegates are arriving tomorrow from Calcutta.—United Press Congress Special.

Anti-Compromise Volunteers' Parade

KISAN NAGAR, March 17.

About one hundred volunteers of the Anti-Compromise Conference, in red uniforms, paraded the Congress Nagar this morning carrying red flags and shouting "Forward Bloc Zindabad" and "Janataka Rashtrapati Subhas Bose-ki-Jai." No obstruction was encountered by the paraders.—United Press.

WAY TO GET SEAT IN SPECIAL TRAIN

100 Passengers Offer Satyagraha

MAZHARPURI (Ramgarh), March 17.

About 100 passengers for the Congress Session, who were unable to find accommodation in a special train at Tatanagar station, performed "Satyagraha", in front of the train by obstructing its passage. The Bengal Nagpur Railway authorities, however, tactfully handled the situation, and persuaded them to let the train go and provided them accommodation in another special train.

1,000 DELEGATES ARRIVE.

The delegates' camps are buzzing with activity as fresh contingents are pouring in by every train. All the Provincial Congress Committees have opened their offices. So far about 1,000 delegates have arrived.—A. P.

Burmese Delegation For Congress Session

PUNJAB, March 16.

A Burmese Goodwill Delegation comprising five members of the Dobama Asiayone (Burmese National League) has arrived here in response to an invitation from the A. I. C. C. The delegation is led by Thakin Aung San. The other members are Than Htun, Ohu Pu, Khin Aung and Tin Maung, all being prominent members of the Dobama Party. The delegation proposes to invite a goodwill delegation on behalf of the Indian National Congress to visit Burma during the annual convention of the Dobama Party. Besides, four other Burmans and Indians are accompanying the delegation.

The delegation interviewed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru today and will see Mahatma Gandhi to-morrow.—A. P.

Mrs. PRABHAVATI DEVI
G. O. C. of Ramgarh Congress women volunteers.

ADIBASIS ENTERTAIN VISITORS

RAMGARH, March 16.

The Adibasis (Aborigines) are showing great enthusiasm. Hundreds of visitors were entertained, last night, to a bear dance and aboriginal folklore songs. These Adibasis go to sleep with folk songs on their lips and they resume their songs. All cook their food simultaneously, in groups of two and three, and later they gather round to eat all together.

There was an amusing incident last night. When the Adibasis were dancing before the Moon 'God', they suddenly turned their backs and squatted silently on the ground; for just then a small cloud sailed across the moon.

PEASANT DEFIES MAHATMA

An aged peasant seeing Mahatma Gandhi pass by a side road of the Nagar, touched all his footprints taking a pinch of dust from each in a small cloth wallet.

CHANGE OF GUARD

A spectacular daily ceremony in the Leaders' Camp is the Desh Sevikas' change of guard, reminiscent in style of the well-known Buckingham Palace function

The Volunteers are enforcing the rule of the road vigorously along all Nagar streets. Infringers of these regulations often have to walk back several yards and then go along the right side.—A. P.

Sankarrao Deo Says

Producers Go Hungry And Naked

THEY EVEN LOST URGE FOR FREEDOM DUE TO LONG SUBJUGATION AND ECONOMIC EXPLOITATION

MAZHARPURI, March 16.

"No other body except the Congress could claim to be entirely free from communal prejudices and to have as its sole objective the freedom of the Country, which would liberate all classes of people from political and economic subjection." said Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Member of the Working Committee, addressing a public meeting at Congress Nagar, this evening. He added that other organisations such as the Muslim League had their place in the body politic, but all had interests of the section of the people they represented at heart, whereas the Congress looked upon all communities, as a mother would look upon her children.

Proceeding he criticised the British war aims and said, while England professed to fight for the principles of democracy and freedom of smaller Powers overpowered by aggressive forces, like Nazism, she would not apply the same principles where India was concerned. This was because self interests prevented her from practising what she professed.

ONLY INDIA WILL TOLERATE SUCH CONDITIONS.

NO COUNTRY IN THE WORLD EXCEPT INDIA WOULD TOLERATE THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH PEOPLE WHO PRODUCED FOOD MATERIALS WENT HUNGRY AND NAKED. HERE PEOPLE HAD EVEN LOST POLITICAL CONSCIOUSNESS AND URGE FOR FREEDOM DUE TO THE LONG SUBJUGATION AND ECONOMIC EXPLOITATION. INDIA ONLY CLAIMED THE RIGHT TO LIVE AS A FREE PEOPLE LIKE ALL FREE COUNTRIES AND FREEDOM WAS THE BIRTHRIGHT OF EVERY HUMAN BEING.

The speaker admonished the gathering against venerating Gandhiji like a god in the hope of attaining salvation in some other world, and urged them to follow his principles and get some comforts in the present life. He stressed the need for communal harmony which, if achieved, would make India independent in 24 hours.

JAMNALAL'S SPEECH.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj addressing the meeting said that the reason why the Congress was held at Ramgarh instead of at Patna was that Gandhiji wanted the message of the Congress to reach the farthest corners of the land. He added that their political bondage was due to ignorance and was being perpetuated by factions among themselves.

Referring to the States he said that the people there were no better off than other parts of India, and criticised the political Department of the Government of India in this connection. The time had now come, he said, when they must be brought out from the darkness to light, and this could be achieved very soon by following the principles enunciated by Mr. Gandhi.—A. P. Special.

WHEN JIRGA FAILS

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER GIVES HIS AWARD

BANNU, March 17.

The Ahmadzai tribe residing in British territory has assured the political authorities at Bannu of their friendly attitude towards the British Government and people residing in British India and has been entrusted with the work of construction of roads in the Ahmadzai Salient.

OFFICER'S AWARD

Despite repeated efforts made during the past week to arrive at a decision by mutual consent the leaders of the Ahmadzai tribe could not settle among themselves the question of the division of fifty Khasadars sanctioned by the Government to be reinstated in the first instance and that of the distribution of road construction work in the Salient to be undertaken by the tribe. The matter was referred by Jirga of 3,000 members to the Deputy Commissioner, who gave his award which has been accepted by members of the various clans.

Haji Sarwar Khan and Khan Sahib Ghazimir Jan Khan, representatives of Hassankhel Group, and Attamohd Khan and Sayad Khan of Kalukhel Group, will undertake work in their own territories. Ten per cent. commission is to be deducted from their bills and will be distributed to the whole tribe. Instead of fifty Khassadars 100 will be reinstated, fifty from each group. Gomatti-Daryoba-Zarwom Road will thus be constructed by Hassankhel group and Bahadurkhel-Zarwom Road beyond Khattak territory by Kalukhel group of Ahmadzai tribe.—A. P.

The Half-Column
By "Dim."

Mr. W. C. Wordsworth, who is one of the more able men among the European members of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, recently gave a broadcast talk from Calcutta on "The Press." In it he said among other things: "Take journalism away from the modern world and think what a gap it would leave; how much in many kinds of capacity would today be undeveloped; how much poorer the language and literature of many countries would be ....". After which the press is bound to give him a good write-up.

The first Ceylonese Congress delegation to the Indian National Congress is on its way. This could not possibly include the Oxford-educated, England-returned, anti-India Bandarnaike.

Sir Jagadish Prasad in one of those "I know what I am talking about" speeches tells "the youth" of the country in a convocation address to the Delhi University "whether India can reach her goal without conflict or not will largely depend on the extent to which you young men can be wise beyond your years, or at least can have sufficient wisdom and restraint, to allow older men the liberty to differ from you." As, for instance, we allow Lord Zetland, the old head of Indian affairs in Whitehall to differ from us on the question of our freedom. Well said Sir Jagadish, if you will allow us to differ from you in the interpretation of your own speech.

After reading Naylor's forecast of a Soviet thrust on India in the coming astrological year, some of our leading capitalists have taken precautions to ship their polo ponies to the other side of the Indian Ocean.

In Madras they are getting so academical that a Mayor can't even use a Corporation car without running the risk of a High Court injunction until the propriety of the said use is decided.

"So far as I am concerned I have changed," says Mahatma Gandhi in a classic article in the "Harijan" on the eve of Ramgarh. "Surely it is better for India, England and the world that a helpless subcontinent runs the greatest risk for coming into its own than that in its sickness it becomes a dead-weight to itself and the world." The Mahatma still strikes some high notes in literature and sentiment which make soul-stirring reading.

5,000 KHAKSARS ARRIVE AT LAHORE

Leader's Decision: Govt. Prepared For All Emergencies

LAHORE, March 17.

About 5,000 Khaksars have surreptitiously arrived at Lahore from the North Western Frontier Province.

Significance is attached to such concentration of Khaksars in view of the recent notification of the Punjab Government, placing ban on all semi-military organisations in the Province and the reported decision of the leader of the Khaksars Mr. Allama Masriqi, to defy the orders.

It is said that Mr. Allama Mashriqi has suddenly transferred his headquarters to Delhi, from where he proposes to guide his movement of defiance without embarrasment at least for sometime.

Enquiries in authoritative circles show that the Government are fully prepared for every emergency and necessary action will be taken as soon as defiance of the ban is started. The Government, however, do not want to provoke them.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

THE FEATHERED SERPENT CASE

IN AN EFFORT TO REGAIN HIS MEMORY CONCERNING ELLA CREED'S DEATH, WADE IS HYPNOTIZED...
7-31
THINK OF NOTHING, WADE! JUST SLEEP! SLEEP!
BLIMEY, WOT GOOD IS MAKIN' 'IM SLEEP GONNA DO?
HE DON'T REMEMBER WHAT HAPPENED, SEE? AND HE'S ACCUSED OF MURDER!
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I STILL DON'T FIGGER---
SOMETIMES A MAN CAN RECOVER HIS MEMORY WHEN HE'S HYPNOTIZED! MAYBE WADE DIDN'T BUMP OFF ELLA CREED! WE'LL KNOW-IF IT WORKS!
HE'S HYPNOTIZED...

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